1		LAND USE COMMISSION
2		STATE OF HAWAI'I
3		Hearing held on April 23, 2019
4		Commencing at 9:30 a.m.
5		Kaneohe Bay View Golf Course
6		Bayview Banquet Hall
7		45-285 Kaneohe Bay Drive, Kaneohe, HI 96744
8		
9		
10		
11	AGEND.	A
12	I.	Call to Order
13	II.	Adoption of Minutes
14	III.	Tentative Meeting Schedule
15 16	IV.	ACTION A17-804 HAWAIIAN MEMORIAL LIFE PLAN, LTD (O'ahu)
17		* To Consider the Acceptance of the Final Environmental Impact Statement for the
18		Petition to Amend the Conservation Land Use District Boundary into the Urban Land Use
19		District for Approximately 53.449 acres of land at Kane'ohe, Island of O'ahu, State of
20		Hawai'i TMK: (1)4-5-033:por.001
	V.	Adjournment
21		
22		
23	BEFOR	E: Jean Marie McManus, CSR #156
24		
25		

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1	APPEARANCES:	
2	JONATHAN SCHEUER, Chair NANCY CABRAL, Vice Chair	
3	AARON MAHI, Vice Chair EDMUND ACZON	
	GARY OKUDA	
4	DAWN CHANG	
5	<u>STAFF:</u> RANDALL S. NISHIYAMA, ESQ.	
6	Deputy Attorney General	
7	DANIEL ORODENKER, Executive Officer	
8	RILEY K. HAKODA, Planner/Chief Clerk SCOTT A.K. DERRICKSON, AICP-Planner	
9	DAWN APUNA, ESQ.	
10	Deputy Attorney General RODNEY FUNAKOSHI, Planning Program Administrator	
11	LORENE MAKI, Planner For State Office of Planning	
12	EUGENE TAKAHASHI, Deputy Director	
13	DINA WONG, Acting Planning Division Chief For Department of Planning & Permitting	
14	City and County of Honolulu	
15	BENJAMIN M. MATSUBARA, ESQ. CURTIS T. TABATA, ESQ.	
16	JAY MORTFORD THOMAS A. FEE, President HHF Planners	
17	Attorneys for Hawaii Memorial Life Plan, Ltd.	
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CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Aloha mai kakou. 1 2 This is the April 23rd, 2019 Land Use 3 Commission meeting. 4 Our first order of business is adoption of 5 the April 3rd, 2019 minutes. Are there any comments or corrections on the minutes? If there is none, is 6 7 there a motion to adopt? VICE CHAIR MAHI: I move. 8 VICE CHAIR CABRAL: Second. 9 10 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Motion has been made 11 by Commissioner Mahi and seconded by Commissioner 12 Cabral. 13 Any discussion on the motion? If not, all 14 in favor say "aye". Anybody opposed? 15 The motion carries and the minutes are 16 unanimously adopted. 17 Next agenda item is the tentative meeting schedule. Mr. Orodenker? 18 19 EXECUTIVE OFFICER: Tomorrow we will be at 20 the airport for the continuation of this matter. 21 May 7 we will be on Big Island for Waikoloa 22 Order to Show Cause. 23 May 8th we will be on Maui for Ka'ono'ulu 24 Ranch Evidentiary Hearing. 25 On May 22nd, we will be on Big Island for U

of N Bencorp and Shopoff. 1 2 June 5th is reserved. 3 June 6, we will be on Oahu for Pomaiki IAL 4 site visit. 5 June 26-27 North Shore IAL Poma'ikai 6 Partners. 7 July 11 is Waiawa and Poma'ikai. So that is takes us into July. 8 9 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Thanks, Dan. 10 Are there any questions for Dan about our 11 schedule? 12 Our next agenda item is a hearing and 13 action meeting on Docket A17-804 to consider the 14 acceptance of the Hawaiian Memorial Life Plan, Ltd.'s 15 Final EIS. 16 Will the parties please identify themselves 17 for the record? 18 MR. MATSUBARA: Good morning, Mr. Chairman, 19 Ben Matsubara and Curtis Tabata on behalf Hawaiian 20 Memorial Life Plan, Ltd. And to our right is Jay 21 Mortford. 22 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Do you also have 23 somebody else at the table?

MR. MATSUBARA: Just the guy who prepared

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the EIS.

1	CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: For the record
2	MR. FEE: Thomas Fee from HHF.
3	CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Good morning.
4	City and County.
5	MR. TAKAHASHI: Good morning. My name is
6	Eugene Takahashi, City and County of Honolulu,
7	Department of Planning & Permitting Deputy Director.
8	With me is Dina Wong, Planning Division Chief,
9	Department of Planning & Permitting.
10	CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: And I believe you
11	told me before the hearing that you would briefly be
12	joined by Director Kathy Sokugawa.
13	MR. TAKAHASHI: The Acting Director is on
14	her way right now.
15	CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Thank you.
16	Office of Planning.
17	MS. APUNA: Good morning, Deputy Attorney
18	General, Dawn Apuna on behalf of the Office of
19	Planning. With me today is Lorene Maki and Rodney
20	Funakoshi.
21	CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: I think we're getting
22	noise from outside.
23	(Discussion off the record.)
24	CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Let me now update the
25	record on this docket

Actually before I update the record, since we have so many new friends, let me briefly, if you have not been testifying or hanging out with the Land Use Commission before, I will say briefly a little bit about who we are.

There are nine eligible members of the Land Use Commission. We currently have eight members seated.

We are all volunteers. We do this about four days a month, plus time preparing for meetings as volunteers on our own. We are appointed by the governor and confirmed by the state senate.

For those of us who might serve another term, you will have a chance to testify vigorously for or against our confirmation when that comes up. But we do this as our way of trying to help State of Hawai'i implement its policy.

I'll now update the record.

On November 21st, 2017, the Commission met and granted Petitioner's Motion to Designate the Land Use Commission as approving agency for Environmental Statement Under HRS Chapter 343 and Authority to Prepare Environmental Impact Statement Preparation Notice.

On November 30th, 2017, the LUC mailed a

request to Office of Environmental Quality Control for Publication in the Environmental Notice with associated materials.

Also on the same day, the Commission mailed the order determining that the Land Use Commission agreed to be the accepting authority pursuant to Chapter 343 HRS and that the proposed action may have a significant impact upon the environment to warrant proceeding directly to the preparation of an Environmental Impact Statement.

On December 11, 2017, the Commission received a Notice of Intent to Intervene by Hui O Pikoiloa.

On December 13, 2017, the Commission received Petitioner's Certificate of Service including Hui O Pikoiloa.

From January 2018 to October 2018, the Commission received comments on the EIS Preparation Notice and the Draft EIS which are on file and part of the record.

On April 1st, 2019, the Commission received Petitioner's Final EIS.

On April 9, 2019, the Commission received SHPD's comment letter on the Petitioner's revised Archaeological Inventory Survey dated April 8, 2019.

On April 15, 2019, the Commission mailed the LUC meeting agenda notice to the Parties and Statewide, and Oahu mailing lists.

On April 11, 2019, the Commission received correspondence from the Office of Planning recommending acceptance of the FEIS on this Docket.

On April 22nd, 2019, the Commission received public written testimony from Pacific Resource Partners, Hawai'i Construction Alliance, Hawai'i Operating Engineers Industry Stabilization Fund, the Hawai'i Laborers-Employers Cooperation and Education Trust, and Five Generations.

Let me now briefly describe our procedures for today.

First, I will give the opportunity for Petitioner to acknowledge the Commission's Policy governing reimbursement of hearing expenses.

I will then call for those individuals desiring to provide public testimony. There is a sign-up sheet next to the witness box on my right.

For those individuals wishing to give testimony, all such individuals will be sworn in prior to their testimony.

If you have not signed in yet and you intend to give public testimony, I ask you to sign in

1 there.

When we begin the public testimony portion of the hearing, I will have the Executive Officer call up the name of the first person to give testimony, and immediately following the person to give testimony, and so if you hear your name come be ready to go forward.

We have a full room and a lot of people wanting to give testimony, so the smoother we can do this, the better chance we have to hear everyone's thoughts.

After completion of the Petitioner's presentation, we will receive any comments from the City and County, Department of Planning and Permitting and the State Office of Planning.

After that, we will conduct our deliberations on the matter.

From the parties, are there any questions on our procedures for today?

MR. MATSUBARA: No questions.

MR. TAKAHASHI: No questions.

MS. APUNA: No questions.

COMMISSIONER CHANG: Chair, I would like to make a disclosure.

CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: I will get to

disclosure in one moment, Commissioner Chang, thank 1 2 you, right after I ask Mr. Tabata and other counsel 3 if they reviewed HAR 15-15-45.1 with regard to the 4 reimbursement of hearing expenses? MR. MATSUBARA: We have. 5 6 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: What is your client's 7 position with regard to the policy? MR. MATSUBARA: We agree to the policy and 8 9 accept it. 10 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Thank you very much. 11 As you were anticipating -- well, I would 12 like to ask my Commissioners if you have any disclosures? Commissioner Chang. 13 14 COMMISSIONER CHANG: Thank you, Mr. Chair. 15 I would like to disclose that in 2010 I did do some work for Hawaiian Memorial Park. I have not 16 17 since 2010 done any work, and I do not believe that the work that I previously did with Hawaiian Memorial 18 19 Park would in any way bias or prejudice me. I want 20 to disclose is that. 21 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Thank you. Is there 22 any objection to Commissioner Chang's continued 23 participation in this matter? 24 MR. MATSUBARA: Petitioner has no 25 objection.

1 MR. TAKAHASHI: No objections. 2 MS. APUNA: No objections. 3 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Commissioner Mahi. 4 VICE CHAIR MAHI: I also like to disclose 5 the fact that I'm a resident of Ko'olaupoko. I'm 6 also vice president of Ko'olaupoko Hawaiian Civic 7 Club who has been sought by the Petitioner to be a counsel, and to be a supporter of their proposed --8 so I want to disclose the fact that I'm a member of 9 10 the club, Ko'olaupoko Hawaiian Civic Club. 11 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Do you believe you 12 can be fair and impartial? 13 VICE CHAIR MAHI: I believe I'll be fair to 14 make the decision according to, of course, at the 15 close and after those that I will be hearing today. 16 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Any objection to 17 Commissioner Mahi? 18 MR. MATSUBARA: No objections. 19 MR. TAKAHASHI: No objection. 20 MS. APUNA: No objection. 21 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Thank you. 22 Commissioner Okuda. 23 COMMISSIONER OKUDA: Thank you, Mr. Chair. 24 I would like to disclose the fact that my 25 grandparents and other family members are buried at

- the park. Also that my parents own a plot at

  Hawaiian Memorial Park, which I do not have any

  control directly or indirectly over that.

  And finally, to the extent that Mr. Tom Fee

  has participated in preparation of this EIS
  - has participated in preparation of this EIS statement, I would like to disclose the fact that my late father worked very closely with Mr. Fee in connection with the Palolo Valley Agricultural District Association.
  - I do not believe that any of those relationships will affect my decision one way or the other, or my questioning in this matter.
    - CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Thank you, Commissioner.
- Commissioner Aczon.

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- May I first proceed to ask if the parties have any objection to Commissioner Okuda?
- MR. MATSUBARA: No objection, Mr. Chair.
- MR. TAKAHASHI: No objection.
- MS. APUNA: No objections.
- 21 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Commissioner Aczon.
- 22 COMMISSIONER ACZON: I was reading the
  23 testimony, and I know most of them, their action on
  24 the proposed site of the island. So I just want to
  25 kind of make sure that they understand that I will be

1 | impartial to this Petition.

CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Thank you. Are there any objections to Commissioner Aczon's participation?

MR. MATSUBARA: No objection.

MR. TAKAHASHI: No objection.

MS. APUNA: No objections.

CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Commissioner Cabral.

VICE CHAIR CABRAL: I do want to let everyone know that I have no conflict that I know of. I know nothing except what I read in preparation for this, so I don't think that should be a problem. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Thank you.

I will join in the majority on this matter.

I want to disclose for everybody in attendance that in addition to serving voluntarily as Chair of State Land Use Commission, I also serve, volunteer on the Hawaiian Island Land Trust, and am currently Chair of that board.

The EIS notes an intention by the

Petitioner to issue a Conservation Easement to the

Hawaiian Islands Land Trust as one of the mitigations
on this project.

I want to clarify a few things about that. First of all, there is no written or other agreement

right now between the Petitioner and the Hawaiian
Island Land Trust for this.

Second of all, I want to clarify that I receive no money for being on the Board of Hawaiian Land Trust, in fact, I actually donate a huge amount of money, because it's part of my tithing to the lands as part of my service to Hawai'i.

So I additionally believe that -- I want to disclose that -- but I believe I can be fair and impartial in this matter.

I would like to ask the parties if they have any objection to my continued participation in these proceedings?

MR. MATSUBARA: No objection.

MR. TAKAHASHI: No objection.

MS. APUNA: No objection.

CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: We may now proceed to public testimony. And I'm actually going to first ask Director Sokugawa, who has to go to council hearing today, to first provide oral testimony.

So I'm going to swear you in. I'm going to ask you to state your name and address for the record and proceed with your testimony.

And due to the volume of testimony, I'm going to ask people to limit their testimony to three

1 minutes. 2 Do you swear or affirm that the testimony 3 you're about to give is the truth? 4 THE WITNESS: I do. 5 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Thank you. 6 Make sure the orange button is lit, and if 7 you look at me, I'm almost kissing the microphone. Please state your name and address for the 8 9 record and proceed. 10 THE WITNESS: Is that my home address or business address? 11 12 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Business. 13 THE WITNESS: Kathy Sakugawa, Acting 14 Director for City Department of Planning and 15 Permitting. My work place is at 650 South King Street, Honolulu, Hawai'i. 16 17 KATHY SOKUGAWA Was called as a witness by and on behalf of the 18 19 Public, was sworn to tell the truth, was examined and 20 testified as follows: 2.1 DIRECT EXAMINATION

THE WITNESS: Thank you very much for this opportunity. I'm sorry I can't stay for the whole hearing. The council is dealing with a little matter called short-term rentals even as we speak, so I need

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to tear myself away from this to attend that hearing.

Thank you very much again for this opportunity. I want to clarify our position. We have no objections to the Land Use Commission accepting the Final EIS. We believe our comments have been adequately addressed or can be addressed downstream in the Land Use Commission's deliberative process.

I do want to clarify that there is a slight uniqueness to the Ko'olaupoko Sustainable Community

Plan in that it spent a fair amount of detail on the expansion of Hawaiian Memorial Park.

You may or may not know, but based on the attendance today, that has been a very controversial issue for us at the city, as well as it may be perhaps for you on the boundary amendment.

We do believe that this is a good project in the process of trying to make balanced decisions on the Ko'olaupoko Sustainable Community Plan with regard to the cemetery. I think a little bit more detail than was needed for a policy plan, like the Sustainable Community's Plan, has been included in it.

Nevertheless, we believe it's still a policy plan and should be treated as such. It is not

1 a zoning regulation. But we are, of course, looking 2 at you for guidance as we proceed with the boundary 3 amendment to formulate the city's position. 4 At this time we believe that essentially it is, taken in its entirety, the project is consistent 5 6 with the Ko'olaupoko Sustainable Plan and can proceed 7 to boundary amendment. CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Thank you very much. 8 9 Everybody, following the testimony, the 10 Petitioner and the Commissioners will have 11 opportunity to ask any questions of the witness. 12 Petitioner? 13 MR. MATSUBARA: Thank you, Mr. Chair. 14 CROSS-EXAMINATION 15 BY MR. MATSUBARA: 16 Good morning. Q 17 Good morning. Α 18 Is the position that you're taking that the 19 Ko'olaupoko Sustainable Community is a broad policy 20 plan, and is not regulatory in nature? 21 Yes, that is stipulated in our city 22 charter. 23 So that position is consistent with the 24 ordinance and the city charter?

Correct. If you are referencing the

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ordinance that adopted the Ko'olaupoko Sustainable 1 2 Plan, yes. 3 The ordinance indicates that it serves as a 4 policy guide. 5 Α Yes. 6 And under Section 24-6.2(c) provides that 7 provisions of article and Ko'olaupoko Sustainable 8 Community Plans are not regulatory; is that correct? 9 Α Yes. 10 Q Thank you very much. 11 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Commissioners, are 12 there any questions for Director Kathy Sokugawa? 13 Thank you very much -- Commissioner Okuda. 14 COMMISSIONER OKUDA: Thank you. 15 Director, even though the county has 16 adopted the Sustainability Plan, the Land Use 17 Commission is still free to make the determination 18 here today, in other words, whether to accept this 19 EIS or not accept it, correct? 20 THE WITNESS: Correct. 21 COMMISSIONER OKUDA: So in other words, the 22 fact that the county has adopted the Sustainability 23 Plan doesn't mean that the Land Use Commission has to

THE WITNESS: Correct.

adopt the EIS statement; is that correct?

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1 COMMISSIONER OKUDA: Thank you. I have no 2 further questions, Mr. Chair. 3 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Any other questions, 4 Commissioners. Thank you very much. 5 Mr. Orodenker, who are the two next 6 witnesses? 7 EXECUTIVE OFFICER: Thank you, Mr. Chair. First we have Alice Hewett, followed by Anna Lobisch. 8 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: As the witness is 9 10 approaching --11 THE WITNESS: I didn't know testimony was 12 started. 13 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: You are not the witness who was called. 14 15 THE WITNESS: Yes, Auntie Alice Hewett has a problem with her vocal cords and asked me to read 16 17 her testimony. 18 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: So I will let you 19 start in a moment. Let me say this for everybody 20 else in the audience. 21 What we are doing today is not voting on 22 the merits of the project or the district boundary 23 amendment. The issue in front of us today is was the 24 Final EIS prepared acceptable under HRS 343 and the

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Commission's rules.

So to the degree you can focus your testimony not on the overall opinion you might have about whether it's a good project or a bad project, but on the EIS acceptability, that will be the most helpful to us in our deliberation.

So I'm going to swear you in. Do you swear or affirm that the testimony you're about to give is the truth?

THE WITNESS: I swear.

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CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: So then state your name for the record as well as the name of whose testimony --

## MAHEALANI CYPHER

Was called as a witness by and on behalf of the Public, was sworn to tell the truth, was examined and testified as follows:

## DIRECT EXAMINATION

THE WITNESS: My name is Mahealani Cypher.

I'm a resident of Kaneohe. I am representing

Leialoha Kaluhiwa, the President, and Alice P.

Hewett, the Immediate Past President of the

Ko'olaupoko Hawaiian Civic Club.

Auntie Alice was unable to speak due to vocal cord problems, so I'm here to offer her testimony in support of accepting and approving the

EIS, Final EIS on Hawaiian Memorial Park Cemetery. 1 2 I wanted to offer clarification regarding 3 Mr. Mahi's statement. Discussion and decision on 4 this matter was made prior to membership in the club. 5 And he has not been consulted regarding the project 6 or our testimony today. 7 I should also note that our association 8 Hawaiian Civic Club also took a position this past fall in support of Hawaiian Memorial Park Cemetery. 9 10 The association includes more than 60 civic 11 clubs throughout Hawai'i and across the country. 12 Auntie Alice is a member of Pikoiloa and is 13 greatly concerned about the future of Kaneohe. 14 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Questions for the 15 witness? 16 MR. MATSUBARA: Thank you very much. I 17 hope Alice gets well soon. 18 THE WITNESS: She is sitting right behind 19 me. CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Commissioners? 20 21 EXECUTIVE OFFICER: Next testifier is Anna 22 Lobisch followed by Dean Hazama. 23 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Do you swear or

affirm that the testimony you're about to give is the truth?

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1 THE WITNESS: I swear.

CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: State your name and address for the record.

4 ANNA LOBISCH

Was called as a witness by and on behalf of the

Public, was sworn to tell the truth, was examined and

testified as follows:

## DIRECT EXAMINATION

THE WITNESS: My name is Anna Lobisch. I live at 319 Iolani Avenue, Honolulu 96813. I'm for the expansion.

I'm the mother of the baby that passed away at the day care center on the military installation, Baby Abigail.

I just want to share my experience I have with Hawaiian Memorial Life Plan. I had moments with Abigail that I would have not received from any other place. The staff became my family. And the most important thing about this expansion is that I have a place to go now to see Abigail, and I feel like everyone else should have that opportunity too without judgment, and to be able to have no expectation of the way that we grieve our family members.

That's all I have to say.

1	CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Thank you very much.
2	Are there any questions for the witness?
3	MR. MATSUBARA: Just our sympathies. Thank
4	you very much.
5	CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Commissioners? Thank
6	you very much for testifying.
7	EXECUTIVE OFFICER: Dean Hazama, followed
8	by Grant Yoshimori.
9	CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Do you swear or
10	affirm that the testimony you're about to give is the
11	truth?
12	THE WITNESS: I do.
13	CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Please state your
14	name and provide your address for the record.
15	DEAN HAZAMA
16	Was called as a witness by and on behalf of the
17	Public, was sworn to tell the truth, was examined and
18	testified as follows:
19	DIRECT EXAMINATION
20	THE WITNESS: I'm Dean Hazama, 95-215
21	Luaehu Place, Mililani.
22	Good morning, Chair Scheuer and members of
23	the Land Use Commission. My name is Dean Hazama. I
24	submitted prior written testimony during the public
25	open period for this Draft EIS, so I'd like to go

over some critical points, some of which Director Sokugawa has covered briefly anyway.

As Chair of the Honolulu Planning

Commission during the update and approval of the

Ko'olaupoko Sustainability Community Plan, I've had

the opportunity, as well as my fellow Commissioners,

to thoroughly review the details of this project, and

heard many hours of public testimony as well.

I also had a chance to review the Draft EIS for this project. I can tell you that the Commission felt that the project does fulfill an important need for the community. It does align with the current and future land use vision of this region and maintains open spaces specifically in this area.

The Applicant has demonstrated it had worked with various community groups, such as Native Hawaiian cultural practice and stewardship groups, the Federal Wildlife Service and neighborhood board to address and mitigate any project impact.

Specifically regarding the Draft EIS, it adequately documents and addresses all major issues associated with the project.

The findings are supported by technical studies conducted by experts in their field who have analyzed appropriate subject matter, the proposed

1 drainage, environmental and preservation measures to 2 address any project impacts. 3 For these reasons, the project was approved 4 and included in the updated Ko'olaupoko Sustainable 5 Communities Plan by the Planning Commission and the 6 City Council. I urge the State LUC to accept and 7 adopt this Draft EIS for this project. I thank you for this opportunity to testify 8 9 this morning. 10 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Thank you. Questions for the witness? 11 12 MR. MATSUBARA: Thank you. 13 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Commissioners? 14 Scheuer rhymes with lawyer. 15 THE WITNESS: Oh, sorry. I was close. 16 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Very close. 17 EXECUTIVE OFFICER: Grant Yoshimori, followed by Mel Kalahili. 18 19 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Do you swear or 20 affirm that the testimony you're about to give is he 21 truth? 22 THE WITNESS: I do. 23 GRANT YOSHIMORI 24 Was called as a witness by and on behalf of the

Public, was sworn to tell the truth, was examined and

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1 testified as follows: 2 DIRECT EXAMINATION 3 THE WITNESS: My name is Grant Yoshimori, 4 45-464 Lipalu Street. 5 Good morning, Commissioners. I am a 6 resident of Kaneohe, and have also petitioned to 7 intervene with Hui O Pikoiloa. 8 I would like to request a nonacceptance of 9 Hawaiian Memorial's Environmental Impact Statement 10 for a couple of reasons. The first reason is that the EIS does not 11 12 protect the endangered damselfly, blackline damselfy. 13 The damselfly is a small delicate 14 dragonfly-like creature. The U.S. Fish and Wildlife 15 states that there are less than 1,000 of these creatures in the world, and they only live in the 16 17 Ko'olau mountain range. The U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service made 18 19 several recommendations for the EIS modifications. 20 Hawaiian Memorial published the EIS without these 21 modifications. 22 Here are a few of the Fish and Wildlife

Fish and Wildlife concern:

The service finds that the DEIS

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Service's recommendations.

underestimates or fails to adequately analyze certain risks to the habitat supporting a local population of the blackline damselfly.

Hawaiian Memorial's response:

We disagree with the service's assertion.

Fish and Wildlife concern:

The service therefore recommends that a revised EIS also evaluate an alternative under which no significant grading, excavation or construction would occur on any of the slopes above the spring, that is where the damselfly reside.

HMP response: The suggested alternative is not reasonable or justified.

Clearly, the Final EIS does not address the protection of the blackline damselfly as recommended by Fish and Wildlife Service, whose responsibility is to protect these endangered species.

In addition, the HMP excluded a letter from the Department of Land and Natural Resources'

Division of Forestry and Wildlife. Forestry and

Wildlife responded to the Draft EIS on October 31st.

However, DOFAW's letter was not included in the Final EIS.

Forestry and Wildlife also raised recommendations for the protection of the blackline

1 damselfly.

They stated that the Hawaiian Memorial location, quote, could be crucial for the conservation of this species.

I'd like to emphasize "crucial for conservation of this species." I would like to emphasize conservation of the entire species.

Forestry and Wildlife also stated that DOFAW recommends that the project's proposed action be redesigned. HMP did not redesign.

Again, they did not address any of these very strong concerns, and ignored the State

Department of Forestry and Wildlife's letter.

The second reason for nonacceptance is that the current plan violates the City Ordinance 17-42, the Ko'olaupoko Sustainable Communities Plan.

Despite it being a broad plan, as I mentioned earlier, it is an ordinance, and there is specific language in the ordinance to protect Pohai Nani and the nearby residents.

Council member Pine has worked hard to include those protections for the neighborhood.

The ordinance states: Any proposed expansion by Hawaiian Memorial Park must include a 2000-foot buffer from Pohai Nani senior living

1 committee.

The City Department of Planning and

Permitting responded to the Draft EIS stating that

the proposed expansion is only about 1,350 feet away

from the Pohai Nani senior living community.

HMP did not alter their plan, so HMP's current plan is developing too close to Pohai Nani, and severely encroaches in the city's ordinance mandated buffer.

CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Three minutes, so if you can wrap up.

THE WITNESS: In summary, HMP clearly did not address the Fish and Wildlife concerns, the DOFAW's recommendation nor DPP's notice of the Ordinance violation.

Because of these reasons, I am requesting

LUC exercise their power to issue a nonacceptance of

Hawaiian Memorial Life's EIS per HAR 11-200-23.

Nonacceptance will protect the damselfly, provide

Hawaiian Memorial the time to correct their EIS

deficiencies, and also save the LUC from a premature

district boundary amendment case.

Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Are there questions for the witness?

	33
1	CROSS-EXAMINATION
2	BY MR. MATSUBARA:
3	Q Good morning, Mr. Yoshimori.
4	A Good morning.
5	Q As you pointed out, the damselfly, the
6	Sustainable Community Plan and the Fish and Wildlife
7	position was discussed in the EIS?
8	A It was discussed, but they did not address
9	the recommendations that they had made.
10	Q It was discussed?
11	A It was discussed. They didn't address it.
12	MR. MATSUBARA: Thank you very much.
13	CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Commissioners? Thank
14	you very much.
15	EXECUTIVE OFFICER: Mel Kalahiki, followed
16	by Pat Newalu.
17	CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Please silence your
18	phones.
19	THE WITNESS: My name is Mel Kalahiki.
20	Resident of Kaneohe.
21	CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Do you swear or
22	affirm that the testimony you're about to give is the
23	truth?

24 THE WITNESS: I do swear.

25 -000-

1	MEL KALAHIKI
2	Was called as a witness by and on behalf of the
3	Public, was sworn to tell the truth, was examined and
4	testified as follows:
5	DIRECT EXAMINATION
6	THE WITNESS: I'm in support of the EIS,
7	Hawaiian Memorial expansion, simply because I am a
8	resident of Kaneohe. I have history here in Hawaiian
9	Memorial Park. My family is here, that goes back
10	generations. When I pass I don't want to be buried
11	anywhere else but in Hawaiian Memorial. I accept the
12	plan as it is, and thank you.
13	CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Thank you. Questions
14	for the witness?
15	MR. MATSUBARA: Thank you.
16	CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Commissioners? Thank
17	you very much.
18	EXECUTIVE OFFICER: Pat Newalu, followed by
19	Justin Soriano.
20	CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Do you swear or
21	affirm that the testimony you're about to give is the
22	truth?
23	THE WITNESS: Yes, I do.
24	PAT NEWALU
25	Was called by and on behalf of the Public, was sworn

to tell the truth, was examined and testified as follows:

## DIRECT EXAMINATION

THE WITNESS: I am in support of Hawaiian Memorial Park and the expansion. I have been employed there for 25 years, employed in Kaneohe for 36 years. And in my experience assisting families there I find that there is a huge need for families of the loved ones to be together and have a proper final resting place.

I'll share my personal story really quick.

My father was a World War II veteran. He was part of
the 442nd Infantry, and he always spoke -- as I was
growing up -- he came to Honolulu when he was very
young. And he worked in Kaneohe and he did a lot of
tile work for Kaneohe.

So he has a love for Kaneohe, but he always shared with us he was a veteran, very proud of that. If anything would happen to him, simply put him in a pine box and take him to Punchbowl, and the VA will take very good care of him. Growing up he said that over and over again.

As I grew older I started working for the cemetery. I saw the need and experienced families wanting to be together, and as my father got older he

became ill, and he suffered for several years, maybe
15 years. And when one day he was not well, and I
told him, dad, you want to go Kaneohe, I want to show
you where I work.

I never really took him up there, because he was always in pain. He said, good, let's go for a ride. Took him to the cemetery. He knows where Punchbowl is. I showed him the Hawaiian Memorial Cemetery.

I said, dad, Punchbowl is filling up, so you might want to be here. I showed him the area, beautiful. I said, dad, I want to show you where my spaces are. So I took him to where my spaces were. I said, dad -- so my dad is local, Japanese born in 1922, very old fashion.

I said, dad, would you prefer to be with your war buddies, or would you prefer to be with Arthur and I here? And he just shortly looked away, and he says, "oh, up to you". That means "yes".

He wasn't to one to bother or burden us, but it was so important for him, and he wanted to be with family.

So I just want to share that with you. I see that day in and day without, where people come to the cemetery and they want to be with their loved

1 ones. I just want you to take that into 2 consideration. It's important. We need this 3 expansion. 4 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Questions for the 5 witness? 6 MR. MATSUBARA: Thank you. 7 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Commissioners? 8 Commissioner Okuda. COMMISSIONER OKUDA: Chair, I have to make 9 10 an additional disclosure. I know Ms. Newalu for the 11 fact that a few years ago she helped assist myself 12 and cousin in burying my grandparents after they had 13 resided 40 years at Higashi Hongwanji Temple. 14 That disclosure wouldn't affect my 15 decisionmaking in this case. CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Any other questions 16 17 or comments? Thank you very much. EXECUTIVE OFFICER: Justin Soriano, 18 19 followed by Mary Piette. 20 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Justin Soriano? Not 21 here. Mary Piette. Please proceed, you're up. 22 THE WITNESS: I prefer standing. Can 23 people hear me, I hope so.

Oh, you want to do this first. Mary
Piette.

1 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Do you swear or 2 affirm that the testimony you're about to give is the 3 truth? 4 THE WITNESS: Yes. 5 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Please proceed. 6 MARY PIETTE 7 Was called as a witness by and on behalf of the Public, was sworn to tell the truth, was examined and 8 testified as follows: 9 10 DIRECT EXAMINATION 11 THE WITNESS: Again, my name is Mary 12 Piette, and I'm a resident Pohai Nani. I've been in 13 the islands for 40 years, and as an information 14 specialist and librarian in Kaneohe Hawai'i State 15 Library and former head of Kailua. Now as a resident of Pohai Nani, I have two 16 17 key issues which I wanted to address. There's a number of trees that are planned 18 19 to be removed. And this is at a time when already, 20 as you read the newspapers, we are losing -- was it 21 1000 trees? 22 The second is the number of conservation 23 areas we have on this island. Take a look. We have 24 very few conservation land in the islands.

Further, I want to address the rainfall.

If you live, as we do at Pohai Nani, and I would say I represent almost 100 percent of the 200 residents there, we are looking down at sandbags and flooded creeks.

The problem, no matter what you present, is the fact that no one, except people who live here in Hawai'i, can estimate the overwhelming power of the rainfall and the rush that comes from the Ko'olau -- from the Ko'olau mountains. And with the global warming, we living at Pohai Nani are experiencing more floods.

I would like to read to you -- we have been addressing this issue for quite sometime -- I want to read to you a statement made in 2017 by Dr. Al Keali'i Chock, a nationally known environmentalist at the University of Hawai'i.

It is critical, however, I want to remind you that there is a large corporation behind HMP.

HMP has been very persistent in their expansion proposal. All of us recognize it.

The only supporters are those groups that would expect some financial gain. That is one point.

The other is one I feel so very strongly about, Hawai'i is very limited in size, unlike the mainland, unlike Texas, our environment is very

fragile, and we, meaning we in Hawai'i, hold the 1 2 honor of being the endangered species capital of the 3 world. 4 I oppose this on the basis that I have four 5 grandchildren who live here and will grow up here, 6 and they need open space. Thank you. 7 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Are there questions for the witness? 8 9 MR. MATSUBARA: No questions. 10 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Commissioners? 11 Commissioner Aczon. Ma'am, ma'am, ma'am. 12 THE WITNESS: You have a question? So the 13 record is clear, I am hard of hearing. 14 COMMISSIONER ACZON: Just to make the 15 record clear. I know you say some key issues, but 16 you didn't state your position whether you oppose or 17 support. 18 THE WITNESS: My position, I was the first 19 children's librarian at Kalihi --20 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: If I may, I believe 21 the question from Commissioner Aczon is --22 THE WITNESS: I'm having trouble hearing. 23 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: The question from 24 Commissioner Aczon is are you opposed to or in favor

of the acceptance of the EIS?

1	THE WITNESS: I am opposed.
2	CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Thank you very much.
3	EXECUTIVE OFFICER: Next witness is
4	Reverend Barbara Grace Ripple, followed by Reverend
5	Samuel Cox.
6	CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Good morning.
7	THE WITNESS: Good morning.
8	CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Do you swear or
9	affirm that the testimony you're about to give is the
10	truth?
11	THE WITNESS: I do.
12	CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Please state your
13	name and address and proceed.
14	BARBARA GRACE RIPPLE
15	Was called as a witness by and on behalf of the
16	Public, was sworn to tell the truth, was examined and
17	testified as follows:
18	DIRECT EXAMINATION
19	THE WITNESS: My name is Barbara Grace
20	Ripple. My address is 45-090 Namoku Street, Kaneohe,
21	which is the address of Pohai Nani. We're in
22	Apartment 904.
23	CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Please proceed.
24	THE WITNESS: My husband and I have been
25	residents at Pohai Nani for almost six years. We

hope to continue as long as we live. We love Pohai Nani and we support Pohai Nani. We also support Kaneohe and the areas around us.

We love the nature. We love the invasive species. We love all of that.

I have to say that I am opposed to accepting this EIS. We have been coming to the meetings here and the neighborhood board for six years, close to six years, which is as long as we've been at Pohai Nani.

My understanding, after hearing all sides of the arguments, is that one of the things -- there are many ways in which people who die can be buried. There are many ways that it is done in other places that the land really gets too close. For example, going deep on top of one another, whatever.

There are other ways of taking place, and we appreciate, we appreciate so much the cemetery. We really do. But the expansion of it is very harmful to Pohai Nani. We have already seen some damage because of what has been expanded so far.

The increase in flooding. The increase in problems. Right now we have three of our cottages who are flooding every time it rains because there's no place for the water to run. And some of this is

1 | caused by problems.

We do not wish to have more problems brought in. There are other ways, and we feel that perhaps some of the people from Texas might have a difficult time understanding, what life is like here in Kaneohe.

So we ask that the EIS not be accepted, and we ask that there be other ways looked at as for providing for our families.

Thank you very much.

CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Thank you. Are there questions for the witness?

MR. MATSUBARA: No questions.

CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Commissioners? Thank you. Commissioner Okuda.

COMMISSIONER OKUDA: Thank you very much for your testimony and taking time to come here today. Just kind of like a question or comment.

We're here today to determine whether or not to accept the EIS or not accept the EIS.

This really, in my view, doesn't have to deal with whether it's a good project or not, whether or not the boundary amendment will be approved or not, that may or may not take place at some other time.

1 You know, the Hawaii Supreme Court has told 2 us that we have to follow the law regarding certain 3 things and certain standards that we have to look at, 4 and that's what we're trying to do. So I just want 5 to assure you that we take our job seriously. 6 looking at the standards that have to be applied to 7 determine whether the EIS should be accepted or not, but whether this is ultimately going to be an 8 9 approved boundary amendment or not approved, that's 10 going to be a separate situation. 11 So I just want to assure you, however, we 12 take our job seriously and we're hearing and 13 listening to all the testimony. Thank you, Mr. Chair. 14 15 THE WITNESS: And thank you very much. 16 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Thank you. Dan. 17 EXECUTIVE OFFICER: Reverend Samuel Cox, 18 followed by Chuck Burrows. 19 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Aloha, Reverend. Do 20 you swear or affirm the testimony you're about to 2.1 give is the truth?

THE WITNESS: Yes.

CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: State your name and address and proceed.

25 -000-

23

1 SAMUEL COX

Was called as a witness by and on behalf of the Public, was sworn to tell the truth, was examined and testified as follows:

## DIRECT EXAMINATION

THE WITNESS: Reverend Samuel Cox, retired Methodist minister and former missionary unit to Japan.

I am also a resident of Pohai Nani, and Pohai Nani Residents Association. I was president last year. And we are opposed to the EIS approval.

I would like to say that our major concern is it's the loss of environmental conservation land which can never be replaced. And this is a legacy for our children and our grandchildren.

I would also like to say that we have to face the reality that our space is limited here in Hawai'i. In Japan everyone by law is cremated. I think we all have to consider that. And the trend is more and more people are choosing cremation.

I myself have chosen this. In fact, I willed my body to the University Medical Center. And by the way, they offer free cremation, and they will even pay for your obituary. So I highly recommend it as a great alternative. That's my major issue.

Pohai Nani Residents Association's own record is almost unanimously opposed to this project. So I hope we will look at the future -- by the way, in Japan, I was a missionary there. We have a plot about eight-foot by eight-foot for more than 100 missionaries. So there's still space there in Japan.

And I think I would like to recommend the cemetery look into that, or New Orleans where they do high-rise. You know, high-rise is a way to go. So look at other alternatives, because our space is limited. Sooner or later we're going to have to deal with this. So let's deal with this sooner.

CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Questions for the witness?

MR. MATSUBARA: No questions.

CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Commissioner Chang.

I wanted to ask you a question. You're the second Pohai Nani resident that has said that Pohai Nani residents unanimously oppose the Petition. Is there a poll? How do you determine that everyone opposes the Petition?

THE WITNESS: Well, we had a general meeting. And we asked for a vote. We had a show of

1	hands, and only three people out of our entire
2	membership were in support, and one was Chuck Burrows
3	who is coming up next.
4	COMMISSIONER CHANG: How many people
5	attended your meeting?
6	THE WITNESS: 60 or 70 or so.
7	COMMISSIONER CHANG: Thank you very much.
8	CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: We're going to take
9	Dr. Burrows as our next testifier, then we will take
10	a ten-minute break after that, exactly ten minutes.
11	CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Good morning.
12	Do you swear or affirm the testimony you're
13	about to give is the truth?
14	THE WITNESS: Yes, I do.
15	CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Please proceed.
16	CHUCK BURROWS
17	Was called as a witness by and on behalf of the
18	Public, was sworn to tell the truth, was examined and
19	testified as follows:
20	DIRECT EXAMINATION
21	THE WITNESS: I'm Chuck Burrows, an
22	environmental educator as well as a Hawaiian cultural
23	practitioner for many years going back 20 or more
24	years when that Kawa'ewa'e Heiau was first

I, with the Queen Emma Hawaiian Civic Club,

and later with the Ko'olaupoko Hawaiian Civic Club,

have been going there to care for that heiau. And,

of course, when the Petition came out by the Hawaiian

Memorial Park to develop their cemetery all the way

up to Pohai Nani, and that would impact the heiau

itself. We were opposed to it.

However, I, as a resident of Pohai Nani, am representing myself and not the Pohai Nani residents. And I stand by my written testimony in support of this EIS and revised master plan by the Hawaiian Memorial Park for various purposes that the Hawaiian Memorial Park has really compromised, reduced the areas where they had planned to develop with the buffer zones 2000 feet from their proposed project, 150 feet away from the residents, and of course, to establish a conservation easement which I strongly support.

And if this plan is approved by this Land Use Commission, I'll be working with others in the environmental groups, cultural groups to enhance the conservation easement where it calls for the protection of that site where no building will ever occur, and to extend the support of the Kawa'ewa'e Heiau.

And also to remove the alien invasive trees 1 2 and planting native trees that should be planted as 3 well. 4 And I think the recommendations of the EIS 5 addresses all of the complaints about the development 6 as well as the damselfly project as well. 7 Now, one of the reasons to conserve this area, especially 150 acres of conservation easement, 8 9 is also to be able to unite this with a proposed 10 acquisition by the state negotiated for the trust of 11 public lands for the purchasing of 1000 acres up 12 mauka of the existing highway and so forth. 13 So that conservation protection will tie in 14 to the project near Kawa'ewa'e Heiau as well. 15 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Thank you very much. 16 Are there questions for the witness? 17 MR. MATSUBARA: No questions, thank you. CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Commissioners? 18 19 Commissioner Chang. 20 COMMISSIONER CHANG: I just wanted to ask 2.1 you. Were you interviewed for the cultural impact 22 assessment for this project? 23 THE WITNESS: The question again? 24 COMMISSIONER CHANG: Were you consulted on

the cultural impact assessment for this project?

1 THE WITNESS: No, I wasn't interviewed, but 2 I have spoken to others who are associated with 3 developing the master plan about this project here. 4 COMMISSIONER CHANG: Thank you. 5 And one last question. 6 Did you attend the Pohai Nani meeting that 7 Reverend Cox mentioned that there were 60 people? THE WITNESS: Oh, yes. In fact, I was the 8 9 one that instigated that meeting for the purpose of 10 educating the Pohai Nani residents about the EIS and 11 the plan. And ways, if this plan is approved, the Land Use Commission, how the residents could then 12 13 participate in the conservation of the 150 or more 14 acres of the conservation easement. 15 COMMISSIONER CHANG: Thank you very much. 16 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Are there any further 17 questions for the witness? Thank you very much. It is now 10:28. We will reconvene at 18 19 10:38 exactly. 20 (Recess taken.) 21 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: We're back on the 22 record. 23 Mr. Orodenker, who are our next two 2.4 witnesses? 25 EXECUTIVE OFFICER: Rich McCreedy, followed

51 1 by Dudley Dias. Rich McCreedy, followed by Dudley 2 Dins. 3 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Are the testifiers 4 Going once -- Mr. McCreedy. here? 5 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Do you swear or 6 affirm that the testimony you're about to give is the 7 truth? THE WITNESS: Yes, I do. 8 9 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: State your name and 10 address and proceed with your testimony. 11 RICH McCREEDY 12 Was called as a witness by and on behalf of the 13 Public, was sworn to tell the truth, was examined and 14 testified as follows: 15 DIRECT EXAMINATION 16 THE WITNESS: My name is Rich McCreedy. 17 I'm opposed to the cemetery expansion. My address is 45-423 Ohaha Street, Kaneohe, Hawai'i. 18 19 I feel the EIS should not be accepted 20 because it has not been proven that HMP is out of

I don't know if you guys have a copy of the EIS now already in your possession, but if you look at Figure 2.1, Chapter 2, page 12 of the Final EIS, it shows a map, a little chart, a figure, that they

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22

23

24

25

space.

only have six percent of available plots to sell indicated by yellow. And the rest of the whole cemetery, 80 acres, is all in red.

This figure is misleading because elsewhere in the Final EIS they state that in the 80 acres of the cemetery there are 79,000 total plots. There are presently 41,000 people buried. So that's representing 53 percent of the total plots.

There are 48 percent of the plots still not utilized. These plots conserve the needs of the community. A better figure would show the total number of unused plots. It's easy to imagine a figure that showed 52 percent red and 48 percent yellow.

In my letter to the Draft EIS I asked them could you please provide us an accurate map, because I'm sure they must know this information. Legally they should keep track of who is buried in that cemetery and who's not.

If they would provide to the Land Use

Commission a map showing exactly where these people

are buried and where there's people not buried, and

how much space is available that would be a much more

indicated trigger to go on.

So in summary on that, you know HMP still

1 has a lot of space if they manage their 80 acres 2 efficiently. 3 Ten years ago the LUC took a site visit up 4 to the neighborhood. I hope you also visited the 5 site this year. 6 I ask that the Commissioners please take 7 the time to read the letters of opposition to the Draft EIS. There are many points that can be covered 8 that is hard to cover in three minutes. Thank you. 9 10 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Thank you very much. Questions for the witness? 11 12 MR. MATSUBARA: No questions. 13 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Commissioners? 14 I have a question for you. 15 I understood your testimony that we should, 16 you believe we should reject or not accept the EIS 17 because the cemetery has available space? 18 THE WITNESS: Right. One of the main 19 contentions seems to be that they're running out of 20 space. CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: But is there -- I 2.1 22 don't know if your microphone has gone off. 23 THE WITNESS: Sorry.

One of our main contentions in the early 25 documents, and that figure claims they are running

1 out of space.

of it is to identify, disclose potential impacts accurately, and the standard associated with a complete EIS versus incomplete EIS. We're not talking about whether or not the project should go forward, just whether or not this project -- what specific legal provisions are you're saying the EIS doesn't need because of this?

assumption that the land is too scarce for them to continue to have people be buried, and that the risk to the environment is so extreme, if you look at all the detail of what they plan to do as far as bulldozing and grading the land, that is a crazily extensive project, and to me it's not worth the risk of hurting the environment just because they think in to some terms that they're out of space.

If they use the land they have efficiently, they can last for many, many years.

CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Thank you very much.

Any more questions for the witness? Dan.

CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Dudley Dins, followed by Levi May.

CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Dudley Dins. We are

reading based on your handwriting, so we apologize if 1 2 we misstate your name. No Dudley Dins? Levi May. 3 Do you swear or affirm the testimony you're 4 about to give is the truth? 5 THE WITNESS: I do. 6 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: State your name and 7 address for record and proceed. DUDLEY DIAS 8 9 Was called by and on behalf of the Public, was sworn 10 to tell the truth, was examined and testified as follows: 11 12 DIRECT EXAMINATION 13 THE WITNESS: My name is Dudley Dias. I 14 own the property at 45-469 Lipalu Street. I don't 15 live there, but what affects it, affects me. Is that 16 good enough? 17 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Do you have -- so 18 you're a property owner? 19 THE WITNESS: I own that property, correct. 20 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Do you have a 21 position on whether we should accept or not accept? 22 THE WITNESS: That's what I'm asking. 23 not a resident there, but... 24 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: You have a property 25 interest. This portion of our proceedings you can

1 testify whether or not you're a property owner.

THE WITNESS: Yeah, I own the property.

I'm a property owner. My concerns is parking when

Memorial Park opens up, people going to want to park

and that's not fair to the residents.

Another thing too is my concern is the flooding. The road has showed significant site of sweating after heavy rains. The roads starting to show like water seepage coming out. Water seepage can show shifting the land, then we'll have another Palolo incident.

Also my concern is about the endangered species. We she just discovered one on Hawai'i, the Big Island, thought to be extinct, a plant related to hibiscus. And now we know for a fact we have endangered species in the valley, and it's not being properly addressed.

And what other endangered species do we have in the valley besides insects? There's also mammals, also plants, also many other things.

So my concerns is to be fair to the residents. What about the parking?

Two, what about the land shift? Is there going to be another Palolo in the making where the land is going to shift and then they going to be

1 stuck with not being able to sell the property 2 because of improper development? 3 And what about the native species? We 4 always talk about protecting the aina and saving it. Why don't we start doing it with the valley? 5 6 That's my stance on it. That's the three. 7 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Are there any questions for Mr. Dias? 8 9 MR. MATSUBARA: No questions. 10 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Commissioner Chang. 11 COMMISSIONER CHANG: Thank you so much for 12 your testimony. 13 I wanted to ask you, you said you own the 14 property. Do you live there too? 15 THE WITNESS: I don't live there as of yet, but as I get older I probably move there because it's 16 17 very peaceful. Essentially centrally located to a lot of what you call like supermarkets and stuff like 18 19 that. 20 COMMISSIONER CHANG: Have you read the EIS? 21 THE WITNESS: I haven't read it, but I've 22 lived there all my life and nobody ever said anything 23 about the road sweating. It would rain on a 24 Wednesday, and three, three weeks later the road

would be sweating. Water keeps coming off the road.

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And if you take away the -- if you develop the
1
2
     valley, it's what they call flora and fauna, it's
3
     called a mat, all the dead leaves and everything that
 4
     overtime sets up. And the mat holds the water in
5
     place and keeps the ground intact. And when you
 6
      destroy the mat, you're going to destroy all the
7
     water being held in place.
                And probably what you going to see issues
8
     when it comes to soil movement and stuff like that.
9
10
                I lived their almost all my life, and the
     road never used to sweat. And all of a sudden even
11
12
     after like a week-and-a-half, the seepage would still
13
     be coming through. That's going have affect on the
14
      road and that's going to affect lot of the homes too.
15
                COMMISSIONER CHANG: Thank you very much.
16
                CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Any other questions
17
     for the witness?
18
                COMMISSIONER ACZON: You didn't state
19
     whether you support --
20
                THE WITNESS: I definitely do not support
21
      it. I oppose.
22
                COMMISSIONER ACZON: I just want to make it
23
     on the record.
24
                THE WITNESS: I oppose. Thank you.
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EXECUTIVE OFFICER: Levi May followed by

Joy Kimura. 1 2 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Levi May, Joy Kimura. 3 THE WITNESS: Aloha, Chair. I'm here today 4 representing --5 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Do you swear or 6 affirm the testimony you're about to give is the 7 truth? 8 THE WITNESS: Yes. 9 JOY KIMURA 10 Was called as a witness by and on behalf of the Public, was sworn to tell the truth, was examined and 11 12 testified as follows: 13 DIRECT EXAMINATION THE WITNESS: Joy Kimura. 650 Ewilei Road, 14 15 Suite 285, Honolulu, Hawai'i 96817. 16 I'm here today representing Hawai'i LECET. 17 Hawai'i LECET is a labor-management partnership between the Hawaii Laborers' Union, Local 18 19 368, its 5000-plus members and its 250-plus unionized 20 contractors. 21 We submitted written testimony in support 22 of this project. I would like to stand on this 23 testimony and conclude by saying we support this 24 project, not only because of the opportunity for jobs

for our members, but also because we believe Hawaiian

Memorial Park has adequately addressed community 1 2 concerns brought up. 3 Thank you for the opportunity to testify. 4 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Thank you. Questions 5 for the witness? 6 MR. MATSUBARA: No questions. 7 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Commissioners? Thank 8 you Ms. Kimura. 9 EXECUTIVE OFFICER: Rene Mansho, followed 10 by Nathaniel Kinney. 11 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Good morning. 12 THE WITNESS: Good morning, aloha. 13 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Do you swear or 14 affirm that the testimony you're about to give is the 15 truth? 16 THE WITNESS: I do. 17 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Please proceed. 18 IRENE MANSHO 19 Was called as a witness by and on behalf of the 20 Public, was sworn to tell the truth, was examined and 21 testified as follows: 22 DIRECT EXAMINATION 23 THE WITNESS: Aloha, Chair, and members of 24 the Commission. Irene Mansho, address is 94-428 25 Kahulialii Street, Mililani. And I'm here today as a very grateful community volunteer that works closely with Hawaiian Memorial Life Plan due to their support for our going green, recycling community clean up project, as well as the Hawaii Lions Club District 50.

It's been 16 years where the community says there is opala on the side of the street. We have no place to take it. So we volunteer on Saturdays, provide one-stop drop-off place where you can take your opala, and it's all recycled. Nothing goes in the landfill.

And Hawaiian Memorial Life Plan has been there sponsoring the volunteers that show up to greet you, take your opala, and make sure everything is being recycled.

The Lions Club, all volunteers too. We participated in many processes with the Draft EIS, and listening to the community concerns, and while there is so many valid issues, I think for us it was mainly to let you know that in all our years working with Hawaiian memorial Life Plan Park, they're very dependable and trustworthy. You know that they're worthy of their honor, and they will work with you to mediate or ameliorate any concerns.

So it makes you feel comfortable that

they're a good neighbor. There's a conflict of interest, because many of us have plots there, or your family or friends are resting in peace there.

you.

More importantly, we just built the Gold Star Families Memorial Monument. And many people don't know what Gold Star Families are, and they're the ones left behind after their loved ones died in war or active duty. So the ones left grieving, left behind, now have a place to go and it's all being done as a community service.

When you get to work with families who are hurting and they have a way to heal, it makes you feel really beautiful, wonderful that there are so many good groups out there interested in helping.

This Final EIS has been very thorough, very respectful. And I've seen how you address all sides of the issue. So I thank you for letting us provide our support for this Final EIS process. Mahalo.

CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Any questions for the witness?

MR. MATSUBARA: No questions.

CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Commissioners? Thank

EXECUTIVE OFFICER: Nathaniel Kinney, followed by Julianne McCreedy.

THE WITNESS: Hi. I'm Nathaniel Kinney for the Hawai'i Construction Alliance.

CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Do you swear or affirm that the testimony you're about to give is the truth?

THE WITNESS: Yes.

## NATHANIEL KINNEY

Was called as a witness by and on behalf of the Public, was sworn to tell the truth, was examined and testified as follows:

## DIRECT EXAMINATION

THE WITNESS: The Hawai'i Construction Alliance has a couple of points. We support the acceptance of the EIS.

One, because this would be a significant project for our members in a down construction market. I don't know if you guys have been watching the news, the work outlook does not look very good, so this would be significant economic benefit for our members.

Second, Hawaiian Memorial Park has committed in writing to using 100 percent local workforce. That's really important in these days where you have people coming in and bringing outside workers coming in.

Third, this is kind of like a personal note 1 2 for me. My grandfather and my grandmother are buried 3 out there. My dad, every birthday for my 4 grandmother, he goes out there and puts flowers on 5 her grave and cleans up the plot. And I'm a little 6 saddened to hear that it might not be possible to 7 have him buried there as well. Because I know my dad really respected his mom and dad and I'm just a 8 little worried about that, and I hope this expansion 9 10 can go through so that he can be buried there one 11 day. 12 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Any questions? 13 MR. MATSUBARA: No questions. 14 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Commissioners? 15 Commissioner Chang. 16 COMMISSIONER CHANG: Thank you for your 17 testimony. 18 I just was just wondering, have you read 19 the EIS? 20 THE WITNESS: I have read portions of it. It's a fairly long document. I wish I could say that 21 22 I read it cover to cover, but the Hawai'i 23 Construction Alliance has been supportive of this 24 project even before I was executive director, so I 25 read the portions that I think pertain to our members

1 and job benefits and like that.
2 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Commissioner Okuda.

COMMISSIONER OKUDA: Thank you very much for your testimony.

In reviewing the EIS, did you see anything in there which disclosed what the projected profit would be if this expansion was provided or granted?

And the reason why I ask that, since EIS is a planning document to assist a decisionmaking body to make a decision, in the EIS there is an explanation of economic benefits to the community, but to determine whether or not these economic benefits would really take place or not you would think there would be a disclosure of what the expected profit, for example, net income after or before payment of taxes would be.

Do you see any kind of disclosure in the EIS of that?

THE WITNESS: No. I'm mainly concerned about how many jobs the project will create, and whether or not they're going to go to local workers.

COMMISSIONER OKUDA: I'm just asking a question, because if in fact they can't make a profit, there's not going to be any jobs; correct?

THE WITNESS: I'm not certain I understand

the question, but I don't know. 1 2 COMMISSIONER OKUDA: Thank you very much 3 for taking your time to be here today. 4 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Thank you. 5 EXECUTIVE OFFICER: Julianne McCreedy, 6 followed by Mahealani Cypher. 7 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Aloha. Do you swear or affirm the testimony you're 8 9 about to give is the truth? THE WITNESS: Yes, it is. 10 11 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: State your name and 12 address for record. JULIANNE McCREEDY 13 14 Was called as a witness by and on behalf of the 15 Public, was sworn to tell the truth, was examined and testified as follows: 16 17 DIRECT EXAMINATION 18 THE WITNESS: For the record, my name is 19 Julianne McCreedy, speaking on behalf of our 20 beautiful neighborhood in the Pikoi'loa Subdivision 21 of Kaneohe. My address is 45-423 Ohaha Street, and I 22 am part of a neighborhood coalition that is trying to 23 stop the expansion of Hawaiian Memorial Park.

I believe that loved ones need to be memorialized and I'm not here to judge the

24

disposition of people in the past; however, I believe we have a responsibility to the environmentally sensitive to Hawaii's natural resources and limited land.

The DEIS indicates that most of the extensive excavation will occur at the western end of the Petition Area that, yet, no mention is made of how such excavation might be mitigated.

Cemeteries in the past were sited without regard to environmental consequences. There are numerous published papers, books and articles on cemetery contamination. Cemeteries are basically special kinds of landfills full of toxic chemicals, such as caskets, varnishes, sealers, preservatives, metal handles, and embalmed bodies that can leach into the groundwater.

The concrete outer burial containers limit but do not prevent seepage of these associated decay products and microorganisms into the surrounding environment.

that the trend towards cremation would reduce the hazardous material concerns that are associated with casket burials. Little attention or research in the U.S. has been given to cemeteries as a possible

source of pollution and groundwater contamination.

Nevertheless, HMP proposes 30,000 burial plots, and 28 acres of Kawa Watershed region that flows directly into Kaneohe Bay. Although HMP is currently compliant with Hawai'i State cemetery regulations, shouldn't these concerns warrant further study to identify and quantify the risk of the current HMP cemetery before an expansion is allowed?

Pesticides and herbicides were found in Kawa Stream as recently as 2017, which could be residuals of past agriculture and ranching activities, or even discharge from the surrounding neighborhood. However, HMP is also listed as a significant source of nonpoint source pollution, so who is to say that the cemetery is not a systemic part of the problem?

It has been noted in the past that HMP does not maintain a written log or systematic record to keep them accountable. However, their DEIS did acknowledge that herbicides, pesticides and fertilizers will be used in the future within the proposed project.

The Office of Conservation and Coastal Lands have noted --

CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: That's three minutes.

If you can summarize. 1 2 THE WITNESS: Sure. 3 4 5 6 7 value. 8 9 10

The facts and findings of the Land Use Commission in 2009 are as relevant today as they were back then. Our Kawa and Lipalu Watershed regions still maintain ecological, scenic and historical

The proposed expansion will pose potential health, safety and ecological risks for our neighborhood. If so much of the Final EIS is still to be determined in the design phase, how can we be assured that unintended consequences will not occur?

Please consider this as you determine whether to deny or approve their EIS. Thank you so much for your time and consideration.

CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Thank you very much for your testimony.

> Are there questions for the witness? CROSS-EXAMINATION

## BY MR. MATSUBARA:

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You mentioned the Draft EIS, you refer to the Draft EIS. Were you able to review the Final EIS?

Yes. We went through this ten years ago, A so we made sure to go through it thoroughly.

1 Q Current?

- 2 A Yes, we have a hard copy.
  - Q In the water quality section of the Final EIS, there's references to water quality samples that were taken, and there were no traces of formaldehyde found.

A Yes. I'm not taking formaldehyde, talking about decay products from the caskets, from the varnishes, sealers, metal handles and ornaments on wooden caskets, and these could flow directly into the Kaneohe Bay.

- Q Did you see all the elements they study?
- A Actually they did say that the pesticides and herbicides were found in Kawa Stream as recently as 2017.
- Q Now, in terms of the other jurisdictions where you reference concerns with the burial practices, in the response to your comment it was referenced that those jurisdictions are in countries that do not have as stringent burial requirements.

A No, actually I have five or six books published in the U.S. and articles that are published in the U.S.

Q So you disagree with what data was submitted in the Final EIS?

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1
          Α
               Yes.
2
                CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Commissioners,
3
     questions for the witness? Commissioner Chang.
 4
                COMMISSIONER CHANG: Thank you for your
     testimony. I just want to confirm, it sounds like
5
     you read through the EIS, Final EIS.
 6
7
                THE WITNESS: This is déjà vu. We did this
8
     ten years ago.
9
               COMMISSIONER CHANG: I take it that's a
10
     yes.
11
               THE WITNESS: Yeah.
12
                COMMISSIONER CHANG: I understand Hui
13
      Pikoi'loa, you have filed a Notice of Intent to
14
     intervene?
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                THE WITNESS: Yes. So we filed -- yes.
16
                COMMISSIONER CHANG: So it is your intent
17
     after this EIS, and after the Petition that's
     docketed, that Hui Pikoi'loa intends to participate
18
19
      in this project in the proceedings?
20
                THE WITNESS: Yes.
21
                CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Accepting the EIS or
22
     not, but --
23
                THE WITNESS: We are not accepting the EIS.
24
                COMMISSIONER CHANG: I'm just noting that I
25
     went through the files that Hui Pikoi'loa did file
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1 Notice of Intent. 2 THE WITNESS: Yes. 3 COMMISSIONER CHANG: I intended to ask Mr. 4 Yoshimori that, but it slipped my mind. Thank you 5 very much. THE WITNESS: Thank you for your time and 6 7 consideration. 8 EXECUTIVE OFFICER: Mahealani Cypher 9 followed by Mo Radke. 10 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Then after that we 11 have three more witnesses signed in on this sheet. 12 If you are intending to testify and you have not 13 signed in yet, there is a sign-in sheet. Aloha 14 again. 15 THE WITNESS: Aloha. CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: You're still under 16 17 oath. 18 MAHEALANI CYPHER 19 Was called as a witness by and on behalf of the 20 Public, was previously sworn in to testify, was 21 examined and testified as follows: 22 DIRECT EXAMINATION 23 THE WITNESS: Mahealani Cypher, and I am a 24 lifelong resident of Kaneohe, having lived here

nearly 73 years. I have three children, nine

grandchildren and five great grandchildren, and I'm here to speak as an individual as how families are very important to Kaneohe.

2.1

Family concerns from birth to death.

Families of Kaneohe are very close to each other, and one of things most connected with that, funerals and burials of their family members. And one of the things I'm concerned about is that there should be opportunity for family members to be buried together, and that is one of the things that many people from Kaneohe have told me they're concerned about. If there is inaccurate space in HMP, they may not be able to be buried near family members.

I'm a community historian, story teller, cultural entrepreneur. I formerly wrote many articles, and formerly wrote many articles on planning when I was an editor of the newspaper, community newspaper, and won awards from federal agencies for my efforts in planning.

I also have been very active in advocating for preservation of historic sites, and one of which is Kawa'ewa'e, which is within the Project Area.

I was gratified to see that the landowner has offered to create a cultural preserve, and involve our community in helping to care for that

1 heiau. 2 I'm here to give strong support for 3 acceptance of this EIS. I have studied EIS's, page 4 by page, many times before. And I see that the 5 efforts made by this developer are commendable. 6 We need to provide burial spaces, because 7 our people want to be buried near their family at 8 Hawaiian Memorial Park, so we hope that this FEIS will be accepted. Mahalo. 9 10 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Thank you. Are there questions for the witness? 11 12 MR. MATSUBARA: No questions. 13 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Commissioners? 14 COMMISSIONER CHANG: Aloha. I wanted to 15 ask you, you said you read the EIS? Did you read the Cultural Impact Assessment? 16 17 THE WITNESS: Yes. 18 COMMISSIONER CHANG: Were you interviewed 19 in that? 20 THE WITNESS: Yes, I was, several times by 21 different people. 22

COMMISSIONER CHANG: Did you read the Archaeological Inventory Survey Report? THE WITNESS: The first one.

23

24

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COMMISSIONER CHANG: The one that is part

1	of this EIS?
2	THE WITNESS: Yes.
3	COMMISSIONER CHANG: Has the Koolaupoko
4	Hawaiian Civic Club, is the intention that the civic
5	club will be the stewards of the cultural preserve?
6	Has that been worked out?
7	THE WITNESS: I think they're still working
8	on how that will be. I was most interested in the
9	fact that the landowner is willing to create a
10	cultural preserve, and community involvement will
11	definitely be part of that plan.
12	COMMISSIONER CHANG: Thank you.
13	CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Are there further
14	questions for Ms. Cypher? Mahalo.
15	EXECUTIVE OFFICER: Mo Radke, followed by
16	Alicia Maluafiti.
17	CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Do you swear or
18	affirm that the testimony you're about to give is the
19	truth?
20	THE WITNESS: I swear.
21	MO RADKE
22	Was called as a witness by and on behalf of the
23	Public, was sworn to tell the truth, was examined and
24	testified as follows:
25	DIRECT EXAMINATION

Aloha. Thank you for allowing me the opportunity to speak.

I am a 27-year resident of Hawai'i. Been on the Kaneohe Neighborhood Board for nine years, and I've been serving as its chair for the last five.

But I'm here today not in that capacity,

I'm here as a resident of 45-674 Apuakea Street,

across the street from Hawaiian Memorial Park.

It's true that there have been lots of iterations of the EIS for this property. And I'd just like to say that the Hawaiian Memorial Park team started off with an item that wasn't that great, and they changed it based on community input, and it still wasn't that great. And more community input and they changed it. And then they changed it again.

So I would like to say I'm in support of this FEIS, and I also appreciate the effort of HMP to meet the needs of the community. And if there still are issues that need to be flushed out, perhaps, they don't need to be, but what I've seen, and from what I've read in the EIS, the EA's and things that are benefitting the hui and the community, I'm appreciative of. So thank you very much.

CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Thank you very much. And thank you for waiting for your turn to testify.

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Are there questions from the Petitioner?
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2
               MR. MATSUBARA: No questions.
 3
                CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Commissioners?
 4
     Commissioner Chang.
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                COMMISSIONER CHANG: Mr. Radke, has
     Hawaiian Memorial Park come to the Kaneohe
 6
7
     Neighborhood Board to present their project?
8
                THE WITNESS: Yes.
9
                COMMISSIONER CHANG: On numerous occasions
10
     or just once?
                THE WITNESS: More than once.
11
12
                COMMISSIONER CHANG: Thank you.
13
                CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Are there other
14
     questions for the witness? Thank you very much.
15
                THE WITNESS: Forgive my departure, I have
16
     to pick up my granddaughter.
17
                CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: We will keep up and
18
     party without you.
19
                EXECUTIVE OFFICER: Alicia Maluaffi,
      followed by Lianne Chang.
20
2.1
                CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Do you swear or
22
     affirm that the testimony that you're about to give
23
      is the truth?
24
                THE WITNESS: I do.
25
                CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Make sure you speak
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directly into the microphone.

THE WITNESS: I've been told I have no problem being heard.

## ALICIA MALUAFITI

Was called as a witness by and on behalf of the

Public, was sworn to tell the truth, was examined and

testified as follows:

## DIRECT EXAMINATION

My name is Alicia Maluafiti, 91-285 Fort Weaver Road, Ewa Beach, Hawai'i.

You're probably wondering why somebody from Ewa Beach is coming all the way over here. Well, it's because we have four generations over here in HMP, my great, great grandfather, my great grandfather is the first HPD solo bicycle officer killed in the line of duty. He is buried there with my great grandmother, including my grandparents, and four more generations.

We have another three waiting in line to look for someplace to be buried.

I'm all the way from here from Ewa because, as you know, as Land Use Commissioners -- and I'm in support of the Final EIS, by the way.

As you know as LUC Commissioners, all the population growth and the residential housing is

happening on the west side, 35 percent population growth. When is the last time the windward side had any residential housing?

Let me tell you what that says to us. We build all these houses. We have nowhere to bury our people. So even family that's born and raised in Kaneohe, they're not raising their families here any more, they're sending them out to us.

Where I live in Ewa Beach you cannot drill down one foot before you hit coral. We are not going to be able to bury our families on the west side. We need a place to bury them, and this is the place that we are going to do it.

I read the summary of the Final EIS. There has been no new public cemetery on this island for 50 years. That's in Section 2-14 of the Final EIS.

That isn't going to be a concern for those of us who are looking for those final resting places. And I will tell you, I'm going to be cremated. I want to land with the rest of my family. I don't want my ashes spread out in the ocean, out in Ewa Beach. We want the rest of our ashes, including my husband of 20 years who died, I have his ashes. We need to go somewhere, and we need a place like Hawaiian Memorial Park.

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Guess what else we have on the west side?
1
2
      I get tired of hearing, not in my backyard
 3
     explanation. We have Kahi Power Plant, we have
 4
     H-Power. We have the Waimanalo Gulch, the dump.
                                                       Wе
     have PVC construction waste, and we have every
 5
 6
      refinery, coal power plant, you name it, in Campbell
7
      Industrial Park.
                Is it okay if we just have a little
8
9
     cemetery to bury our families? It's beautiful over
10
     here. What you got on the west side, not so pretty.
11
     So I'm just here to advocate for this cemetery and
12
     those burials plots for the rest of our families. We
13
     have nowhere else to put them. Thank you.
14
                CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Petitioner,
15
     questions?
16
               MR. MATSUBARA: No questions.
17
               CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Commissioners?
18
     Mahalo.
19
               EXECUTIVE OFFICER: Lianne Chang, followed
20
     by Puanani Akaka.
21
                THE WITNESS: Good morning. I have a
22
     protocol, I am --
23
                CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Would you like to
24
     read testimony on behalf of another individual?
25
                THE WITNESS: Yes. Should I sign in for
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her or what the --

CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Just make clear in your oral testimony who you are and who you're reading on behalf of.

Do you swear or affirm that the testimony you're about to give is the truth?

THE WITNESS: Yes, I do.

CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: State your name for the record and then your mother's name.

THE WITNESS: So I'm Puanani Akaka. I'd like to read a message from my mother Ellen Akaka, also on behalf of my father. They live at 45-442 Ohaha Street, which is right -- their property abuts HMP.

# PUANANI AKAKA

Was called as a witness by and on behalf of the

Public and Ellen Akaka, was sworn to tell the truth,

was examined and testified as follows:

#### DIRECT EXAMINATION

So her statement is:

Our property has over many years been affected by flooding caused by mudslides that appear to have been emanated from HMP. Needless to say, we have serious concerns about their future plans to expand. We have just learned that there are plans

for detention basins to be positioned at the top of our property. We have not heard this issue discussed in any previous meetings and have no idea what the potential impact would be.

In addition to our ongoing previous concerns, we have also just learned that the neighborhood will be affected by construction issues for one to one-and-one-half years, including the continual noise and the dust, etc., which goes along with it.

This is not an issue that has been addressed during any of the meetings previous to this latest report. This is not acceptable.

Keep in mind that our neighborhood, which is made up largely of an older population, some with health issues typical to that age group, will be severely impacted by that ongoing project. And we are all concerned, regardless of HMP's assurances that there will be no problems.

Please reconsider this project for the health and safety of the residents. There are alternatives to expansion of the cemetery.

That is the end of it.

CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Are there questions for the witness, Petitioner?

1 MR. MATSUBARA: No questions.

CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Commissioners?

3 Commissioner Cabral.

VICE CHAIR CABRAL: There has been a few references to flooding and water concerns. And I'm from Hilo, so I know water. And so because I see a lot of property, I manage a lot of properties.

Have there been -- has the city and county or any agencies come in and done studies for you folks as homeowners, or for your parents as homeowners that you are aware of over the years as to what the cause of this, and or how frequent it is?

Do you have -- I had 50 inches in three days in my yard a few months ago, and on some occasions that happens.

Is there any real knowledge as to what the cause is that your family knows?

not been any study by city and county. I know, since the floods last year that happened on Kaua'i and Waimanalo, the city and county has come and dug out, cleaned out the embankment that's right behind their property that has the water coming down, they will come and clean that out.

But I don't know if any study from the city

and county or the state that has flooding concerns
from up the hillside.

CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Any other questions for the witness? Lianne Chang. Lianne Chang. Thank you.

THE WITNESS: I was going to read -- I was unclear about the process.

CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Please proceed.

THE WITNESS: Okay, thank you.

#### PUANANI AKAKA

#### DIRECT EXAMINATION

THE WITNESS: I have a different address.

My address is P.O. Box 62125, Honolulu, Hawai'i

96839.

I came across some information from the National Funeral Directors Association that -- I should restart again. I'm actually opposed to the FEIS.

In the National Funeral Directors

Association I have come across articles that state

cremations are up. Hawai'i has the highest cremation

rates in the country, 73 percent of families choosing

that option, but I didn't see anything in the EIS

that had Hawaiian Memorial Park allowing residents to

come up with any sort of alternative for that,

studies on asking the community whether they would rather have cremations done, perhaps have legacy trees. There was no studies done or polls asking the residents for that option instead of burials.

And I realize for me it does have an impact with some air pollutants, but according to public health, there's no hazard from ashes. So that would be a huge relief on the environment in terms of burials to be cremations instead, and offered that option more often.

This whole project is such a violent impact on the environment. Trees have already been mentioned. CNN had a report about one trillion trees needed to be planted to stop global -- and yet, we're actually asking people to uproot all these trees.

The one thing I notice also in the EIS specifically where they talked about avian impacts. They stated in their EIS that they had no evidence of barn owls, and yet I've been hearing them around my house for years. So I'm unclear how they missed the barn owl, and if they missed the barn owl, then what else have they missed in the impact statement?

There's also studies that have found that pueos have been sighted in Kaneohe and Kailua, yet they haven't seen them, and I have to wonder what are

1 they missing? If we raise that land, we have no idea 2 what we are losing because we don't know what we have 3 there. That's my biggest concern. We also don't know the full extent of 4 Kawa'ewa'e Heiau. It's not just the stone walls on 5 6 the hill, it's a huge complex. We don't know how far 7 it goes. We don't know whether there's sister heiaus across the valley. If you have been up there, you 8 9 can see the entire valley --10 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: If you can summarize. 11 THE WITNESS: Those are my biggest concerns 12 again the environment, and what are we losing. 13 Thank you. 14 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Further questions for 15 the witness? 16 MR. MATSUBARA: No questions. 17 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Commissioners? 18 Commissioner Chang. 19 COMMISSIONER CHANG: You oppose the EIS? 20 THE WITNESS: Yes. 21 COMMISSIONER CHANG: And you oppose it on 22 environmental grounds. 23 Have you read the Petitioner's studies on flora-fauna? 24

THE WITNESS: I read that portion, yes.

25

1	COMMISSIONER CHANG: You disagree with
2	their conclusion?
3	THE WITNESS: There is a section talks
4	about barn owl. Didn't see any barn owl. I've been
5	seeing them and hearing them for years right around
6	that property.
7	COMMISSIONER CHANG: Have you read other
8	portions of the EIS related to flooding?
9	THE WITNESS: My parents wrote that
10	portion, I didn't.
11	COMMISSIONER CHANG: I know your parents
12	aren't here, but is it their opinion that those
13	studies are not adequate?
14	THE WITNESS: Yeah. They don't find them
15	adequate.
16	COMMISSIONER CHANG: Are you aware of any
17	other studies that may have been done?
18	THE WITNESS: No.
19	COMMISSIONER CHANG: Thank you very much.
20	CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Lianne Chang followed
21	by Perry Asato.
22	Do you swear or affirm that the testimony
23	you're about to give is the truth?
24	THE WITNESS: Yes.
25	-000-

1 LIANNE CHANG

2.1

Was called by and on behalf of the Public, was sworn to tell the truth, was examined and testified as follows:

## DIRECT EXAMINATION

THE WITNESS: My name is Lianne Chang, 45-431 Ohaha Street, the street that immediately abuts the area of several concerns.

My main concern is for the laua'e fern, which is abundant in this area that they're going to expand upon. They did mention, or they did show a picture of their plans to preserve certain areas of the laua'e. I don't think that's adequate enough because I am a cultural practitioner. I dance hula. So we use that fern to adorn ourselves or kahiko. There are several halaus in the area and even on the other side of the island. They come here specifically to gather the laua'e fern.

And just the cultural preserve commitment for that, I do believe that it's going to be greatly impacted because the laua'e needs the trees. They thrive in the shade of the trees and the moisture that the canopy gives to them.

And I think that the laua'e is greatly impacted by this, therefore, our ability to safely go

to an area that is accessible for us to gather what we need for our dance.

And I think I did hear someone mention about just that people, including myself, cultural practitioners would have access to keys to the area. They would protect it. Not quite sure if that was adequately explained in the EIS, I'm not sure. So I'm concerned about that.

Another concern is they mentioned they were going to help maintain cultural preserve area.

Sounds like a third party that's going to be intervening and arranging for this. I'm not sure who that is, or what the process is and how regularly they're going to maintain the area. It is pretty much overgrown right now. I commend their efforts to try to address this issues.

One other concern is rock walls. I didn't realize after reading portions of the EIS how the boulders, I guess, and the rocks that are in that area, when they grade the area, I think it's going to make it unstable. And it's even mentioned that there's an area above the cultural preserve that has a lot of boulders. I'm not sure. I don't think they adequately addressed that. For my safety, when I go to gather, I don't want to have to look for boulders

1 coming down from the hillside. 2 Those are my main concerns. Are there 3 questions? 4 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Questions from the 5 Petitioner? 6 CROSS-EXAMINATION 7 BY MR. MATSUBARA: 8 Ms. Chang, you were interviewed for the cultural impact analysis, were you not? 9 10 A No. You weren't? 11 Q 12 I don't remember if I was. A 13 Were you given a map of the area and asked 14 where you frequent on the property? 15 I'm sorry, yes. Α Marked the map where you went? 16 Q 17 Yes. Α So you were interviewed for the cultural 18 Q 19 impact? 20 (Witness nods head up and down.) Α 21 So we have your sketch as to where you 22 frequent on the property? 23 (Witness nods head up and down.) 24 Did it include the cultural area preserve Q 25 that is going to be designated?

1 What was the question again? Α 2 Does the area you frequented include the Q 3 cultural area preserve that's contemplated? 4 Α Yes. 5 Q It you did? The one small portion. I go to several 6 7 different areas along that hillside. 8 And you marked it off? Q 9 Α Yes. 10 Q Thank you. No further questions. CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Commissioners? 11 12 COMMISSIONER CHANG: Aloha, Dr. Chang. 13 Thank you for being here today. I just wanted to 14 follow up on your statement that you're a cultural 15 practitioner. 16 You're a kumu hula, and you take your halau 17 to --18 THE WITNESS: I'm sorry, I'm not a kumu 19 hula. 20 COMMISSIONER CHANG: But you actually go up 21 to the area and gather laua'e? 22 THE WITNESS: Yes. 23 COMMISSIONER CHANG: How big an area do you 24 gather? 25 THE WITNESS: It kind of depends on the

time of the year that we go. There's certain areas that are more abundant during different seasons of the year. But I pretty much walk along the whole hillside there, different areas.

COMMISSIONER CHANG: You also said other cultural practitioners also gather laua'e there?

THE WITNESS: I know some other dancers and halaus that go there.

COMMISSIONER CHANG: I'm looking at their Cultural Impact Assessment as to how would they propose to address the laua'e or what you gather.

Have you read the Cultural Impact Assessment?

THE WITNESS: I have not gone through the whole -- just kind of bits and pieces.

COMMISSIONER CHANG: Based upon your current use and other hula practitioners who gather laua'e, what would you like -- what would be your recommendation as to what the appropriate, an area, if they're going -- let me just ask you.

What is your recommendation?

THE WITNESS: I would like the largest area of the hillside to remain with as much trees as possible, because, again, the laua'e thrives in the shade and the moisture provided by the trees -- a

1 larger area to be preserved.

COMMISSIONER CHANG: Could the laua'e thrive in the cultural preserve if there are more vegetation, more trees?

THE WITNESS: I think that would help, yes.

COMMISSIONER CHANG: Do you think that's an adequate area?

THE WITNESS: No, sorry, just again, I know several halau that do utilize that area, yeah.

COMMISSIONER CHANG: Are there other things that you gather or you know of other practitioners who gather in the area?

THE WITNESS: I know of other practitioners that gather in the area. I know that there are very small patches of laua'e fern that grow there. Again, it needs shade. It's very low on the hillside on the side near Kawa'ewa'e Heiau, but there is not much cover there. It's dried out, but still some very small patches.

COMMISSIONER CHANG: Do you have other cultural concerns regarding the continued use of the area?

THE WITNESS: I guess just -- is just the process. I know they're working on a process to allow people, cultural practitioners access to the

1 area. I just hope it's not like going to be too 2 difficult for access to the area when we need to go 3 there. It's not just for Merrie Monarch time. A lot 4 of halaus -- we have shows that we do, Waikiki or 5 gatherings or anything like that. So we need access 6 throughout the year. 7 COMMISSIONER CHANG: Do you currently have good access right now? 8 9 THE WITNESS: Yes. 10 COMMISSIONER CHANG: So that's one of your 11 major concerns, continued access? 12 THE WITNESS: Continued access. Making the 13 area safe, and that's all good, but I just hope we 14 don't have to go through a whole long process to be 15 able to have access, because sometimes things come up 16 quickly, you want to go when you have the time to go. 17 Now, I work five, six days a week, and I'm 18 on call sometimes, because I want to have the access 19 there when I need to get there to gather the ferns. 20 Thank you very much. COMMISSIONER CHANG: 21 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Are there further 22 questions for Dr. Chang? Commissioner Okuda. 23 COMMISSIONER OKUDA: Thank you very much, 24 Chair. Thank you, Dr. Chang.

Again, we're trying to focus on whether or

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not this EIS is sufficient under the law, which may not necessarily be whether or not this is ultimately a good project.

So reading from Hawai'i Supreme Court case that lays out the rules that we have to follow, and we as a Commission, many times we have to follow these rules whether we personally agree with the law or not, because that's --

This comes from a case called Price versus
Obayashi, where the Supreme Court said an EIS need
not be exhaustive to the point of discussing all
possible details bearing on the proposed action, but
will be upheld as adequate if it has been compiled in
good faith, and sets forth sufficient information to
enable the decisionmaker to consider fully the
environmental factors involved, and to make a
reasoned decision after balancing the risk of harm to
the environment against the benefits to be derived
from the proposed action, as well as to make a
reasoned choice between alternatives.

Now, specifically regarding the cultural aspect that you're testifying about, do you believe this Environmental Impact Statement provides enough information, provides enough information so we as the LUC can weigh the advantages and disadvantages of

impact, advantage on cultural practice, or do you think that there isn't enough information there to make a reasoned decision or weigh the impact?

THE WITNESS: It would be nice to see more specifics, I guess, on what the plan is as far as the upkeep of the heiau.

Are you going to have volunteer groups coming in? How often? And then I guess the other question is: What is the process to gain access to the area when I need to gather the ferns, myself and other practitioners of hula?

COMMISSIONER OKUDA: Thank you very much.

THE WITNESS: I didn't see the details.

COMMISSIONER OKUDA: Thank you very much.

CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Are there further questions? I have a couple questions.

One has to do with my having been (decipherable) -- want to make sure we are clear on the record.

We often see laua'e plants all over in full sun. Why can you not use that laua'e?

THE WITNESS: The reason is when you pick laua'e, you want to use the laua'e that is dark green, and you will only find that when it has been growing under shade and when it has adequate water.

And again, certain times of the year, summer for instance, you will have hard time finding the dark leaves because it's a dry time of the year.

So all you see the yellow leaves, you're going to see leaves with scores. We cannot use that.

CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: So for the preserve area, you would like to ensure that there is sufficient canopy cover retained so that it is not just present or absence of laua'e, but the proper quality?

THE WITNESS: Exactly.

CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Again, building on Commissioner Okuda's comments.

Our decision today is did the EIS meet the requirements of Hawai'i law, administrative rules, case law, in terms of disclosing impact?

Your concerns about access and things, do you understand these to be the LUC, if this project proceeds, may put conditions in place on a district boundary amendment?

THE WITNESS: No, I don't.

CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: So I believe there's one condition is that in terms of adequacy of the EIS, if we find the EIS is adequate, we can then actually proceed with a hearing. If we proceed with

1	the hearing and the Commission does decide that the
2	requirements for district boundary amendment are met,
3	we can put conditions on that which could include
4	conditions for the protection of traditional and
5	customary practices in the area.
6	THE WITNESS: I understand.
7	CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: That was it. Mahalo.
8	Our final two witnesses, Perry Asato,
9	followed by Weston Welsh.
10	MS. ASATO: He has laryngitis, so he asked
11	me to read it.
12	CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: The record will
13	reflect that Mr. Asato is here, but because he has
14	laryngitis his testimony will be read by you.
15	Do you swear or affirm the testimony being
16	read for you is the truth?
17	THE WITNESS: Yes.
18	MARY ASATO
19	Was called as a witness by and on behalf of the
20	Public and Perry Asato, was sworn to tell the truth,
21	was examined and testified as follows:
22	DIRECT EXAMINATION
23	THE WITNESS: Mary Asato, 45-154 Popoki
24	Street, Kaneohe.
25	Why were laws created? To protect people

1 and the public who enforces the law, the police 2 officers. 3 Why were sanctuaries, preservation or conservation lands created? To protect the land and 4 5 wildlife. 6 If you can't enforce the law or rules for 7 conservation lands, why did you make it? It makes no 8 sense. 9 If this expansion is accepted, I guess 10 grandma and grandpa will be able to see their grave from Pohai Nani. 11 12 How comforting is that? 13 Please enforce what you have created. 14 Protect this conservation lands. This is Hawaii, 15 show some aloha. And lets keep Hawaii, Hawaii. CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Commissioners? Thank 16 17 you very much. Do you swear or affirm that the testimony 18 19 you're about to give is the truth? THE WITNESS: Yes, I do. 20 21 WESTON WELCH 22 Was called as a witness by and on behalf of the 23 public, was sworn to tell the truth, was examined and testified as follows: 24 25 DIRECT EXAMINATION

THE WITNESS: I'm representing the Outdoor Circle here today. Thank you for this opportunity to do so.

It's always hard to follow a very short and sweet and elegant presentation like we just had. And there's been many excellent speakers here today on both sides. I realize this is an issue that touches the heart strings of people on both sides, and we appreciate that.

I am going to be addressing mostly the ecological and scenic concerns that are in this EIS, and we are opposed to it, the change of conservation land.

This is especially concerning to our Kailua and Kaneohe branches as well. The statewide office of Outdoor Circle does oppose the proposed expansion of this Hawaiian Memorial Park, and reclassification of lands being proposed, because we do not feel it would be good stewardship of the land, nor do we believe that such a reclassification would be consistent with the constitution to conserve and protect Hawai'i's natural resources. Therefore, we ask that you maintain the existing classification of the land.

I did receive a letter back from HHF

Planners, March 29th, to a letter I had sent to them in October last year. And so most of my comments will be based on what they sent back to me.

They did say that the Petitioner's being a good neighbor by modifying initial plans in 2008 incorporating elements that are beneficial to minimize effects and address prior concerns.

But we would say that our concerns remains substantially the same with this reading of the previous plan.

We do have an official statement from our board that is still in effect from May of 2011 when a similar expansion was proposed, but the reasons are too numerous to list here. However, the Petitioner has said that they have had several meetings over the years with the Kaneohe Neighborhood Board, community members, government agencies, and others to address concerns of the previous plans, but -- and that those plans have been addressed and mitigated, however, I would say that based on the testimony I've heard today, that those -- while those concerns may have been addressed, I don't think that they have been mitigated adequately to what your testifiers have shown today.

The entire ahupua'a, from the ridge to

shore, the stream, the bay, the fishponds, the resultant destruction of native plant and animal ecosystems and the destruction of scenic landscapes for Kailua with loss of critical watershed elements and under-capacity of retention ponds are --

CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Three minutes. If you would summarize.

THE WITNESS: Yes, I can.

While one specific maintenance involving things like lycos phosphate being discharged into the stream, and that that would not have much of an adverse effect there, but obviously lawsuits on the federal level that would -- should be read now we are talking about the potential contamination.

But we do believe that when an area is deforested and natural canopy and environment is destroyed as proposed, the result is certain to lead to detrimental effects as we have testified, and we would ask that these -- that this land use ordinance not be permitted to be changed, that people expect conservation land to be conserved. Just from a plain reading and understanding when the area residents think something is conservation, it's conservation to be preserved as-is and I appreciate the opportunity to testify.

1 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Questions for the 2 witness? 3 MR. MATSUBARA: No questions. 4 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Commissioners? 5 Commissioner Okuda. 6 COMMISSIONER OKUDA: Thank you, Mr. Chair. 7 Thank you, Mr. Welch, for testifying. Again, looking at the standard that the 8 9 Hawaii Supreme Court in Butler versus Obayashi case 10 says we have to apply -- look at two things: 11 Number one, whether or not the EIS has been 12 compiled in good faith; and number two, whether or not it sets out sufficient information as described 13 14 by the Supreme Court so that we can make a decision 15 at possibly some other time. 16 So my first question to you is what 17 evidence does you or your organization have that this 18 EIS was compiled not in good faith? In other words, 19 what evidence do you have that the EIS was compiled 20 let's say in bad faith? 21 THE WITNESS: Well, I'm not going to say 22 that the EIS was compiled in bad faith. I think all 23 people are acting according to their own good faith,

just that we have a different opinion on the impact

of what we consider to be an important watershed area

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1 that should be maintained as-is.

COMMISSIONER OKUDA: And frankly, a difference of opinion I think is the strength of American democracy, where we, in an open forum, air out differences. I think everybody here has been respectful of the process because we love our islands here. That's really good it's done that.

But getting back to the standard that the Supreme Court is saying we have to comply with, can you or your organization point to specifically where the EIS isn't a sufficient disclosure of information which would allow us to weigh the pros and cons or the advantages or disadvantages?

In other words, if you can point out maybe one or two instances where you or your organization believes the EIS does not give the sufficient information required by the Butler versus Obayashi?

THE WITNESS: I think it would be in our interpretation of what is sufficient or insufficient. For example, where it talks about Section 3.12 of the Draft EIS, it discusses substantial amount of grading activities would occur to construct the cemetery expansion that would result in significant change and impact on soils and rock material present.

Says, while several mitigative measures and

best management practices were identified to address both short and long-term effects of the project. But we would say that in our comments we said that these do lead to detrimental effects.

So just by the admission here with significant change and impact on existing soils and rock material present, is that a detrimental effect? Is that enough to be considered detrimental effect when it's from the Petitioner? Is the loss of canopy coverage that we've heard that there's maybe the native owls or the ferns that are growing, while the Petitioner might say this is not, it will not increase runoff into the stream, nature seems to do a fairly good job of absorbing water as it is. And when we cut down the canopy, it's just common sense that the watershed cannot absorb as it did in its natural state.

So we would respectfully say that our understanding of how the watershed works, while we don't have experts that are testifying against this, and have done analysis on this, that we would come to a logical common sense understanding that the watershed in its natural form is the best way of keeping this land preserved.

COMMISSIONER OKUDA: Quick followup.

Regarding that, do you believe the EIS gives enough of a warning to us as LUC that, hey, if you approve this project, the EIS is telling us this is the downside risks that you're exposing the community to?

THE WITNESS: No.

COMMISSIONER OKUDA: Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Any further questions for the witness? Thank you.

Seeing none, I'm going to close the public testimony portion of this hearing. It is now 11:50 a.m. While we work for free, we do require food and water. So I would like to take a 45-minute break to follow up where we are in our proceedings now having completed the public witness portion of our proceedings.

After our break, the Petitioner will have a chance to present their case. After that the comments will be received from City and County of Honolulu and Office of Planning.

Then go to the final phase which is deliberation on the matter before us, which is either acceptance or denial of, or nonacceptance of the FEIS.

Petitioner, how long do you anticipate

1 needing for your case? 2 MR. MATSUBARA: About an hour, hour and a 3 half at the most. 4 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: So we might get 5 through this today. It is 11:50. We will reconvene 6 at 12:40 p.m. 7 (Noon recess taken.) CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: It is 12:40 on the 8 9 nose. We're back in session, and we're going to 10 proceed with the Petitioner's presentation. 11 MR. MATSUBARA: Thank you, Mr. Chair. I 12 would like to call the first witness Jay Mortford. 13 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Do you swear or 14 affirm the testimony you're about to give is the 15 truth? 16 THE WITNESS: I do. 17 JAY MORTFORD Was called as a witness by and on behalf of the 18 19 Petitioner, was sworn to tell the truth, was examined 20 and testified as follows: 21 DIRECT EXAMINATION 22 THE WITNESS: My name, for the record, is 23 Jay Mortford. Address is 1330 Mauna Kea Street, 24 Honolulu, Hawai'i. 25 By MR. MATSUBARA:

- Q What is your position with the Petitioner,
  Hawaiian Memorial Life Plan?

  A I am the president of Hawaiian Memorial
  - Q The Petitioner owns and manages Hawaiian Memorial Park; is that correct?
    - A That is correct.

Life Plan.

- Q How long have you been involved in the funeral and cemetery industry?
  - A Started in the industry 27 years ago.
- 11 Q When did Hawaiian Memorial Park begin its
  12 operation in Kaneohe?
  - A The cemetery's original development was in 1958.
    - Q In terms of the business model for Hawaiian Memorial Park, it's a local company that's sustained by local employees; is that correct?
    - A Our company is affiliated with a corporation called Service Corporation International, but that organization has deferred all the leadership to the local people in this community. So all of our operations are ran by local people, local staff.
    - I'm probably the only one that doesn't live local.
  - Q And all the decisions are made here

1 locally?

2.1

- A Yes. The decisions are made here locally.
- Q Will you briefly describe the Petition before the Commission today?

CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Could you just make sure you're really close to the microphone? We're having a hard time hearing.

THE WITNESS: I want to make sure I'm accurate on this.

The Petition currently right now consists of 53.45 acres. There is dedicated cemetery of 28.2 acres of cemetery space. There's a 14-and-a-half cultural preserve that will be developed, and a larger area, 156-and-a-half acres of a 164.4 acre parcel that will have a conservation easement on it.

We have been in discussion with Hawaiian Land Trust, and once we move forward, we are committed to work with them on the conservation.

Q Would you summarize briefly the necessity of this project?

A I want to mention, we currently have 41,000 interments in the Hawaiian Memorial Park Cemetery, though we have 80 acres of it developed.

A big portion of the cemetery and funeral industry is prearranged sales. So families will

prearrange sections of cemetery property so they can
have family all together.

So though you may not have every site someone buried in it, someone has pre-purchased that site so they can have a guarantee loved ones are near each other.

Currently we are approximately 94 to 95 percent sold out. We need the expansion to continue the operations like we have been in the last 60 years.

MR. MATSUBARA: I have no further question,

Mr. Chair.

CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Are there questions for this witness from the county?

MR. TAKAHASHI: No questions.

CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Office of Planning?

MS. APUNA: No questions.

CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Commissioners?

Commissioner Cabral.

VICE CHAIR CABRAL: Just so I can have a better understanding of the ownership, you said you're affiliated with a larger group, and based on some of the information given by the community earlier, is that through Texas, because someone referenced something about Texas?

they own the actual operations, or who owns the actual land in terms of who owns the corporation that owns the land?

THE WITNESS: Hawaiian Memorial Life Plan,
Ltd., owns the land. We're a subsidiary of Service
Corporation International.

VICE CHAIR CABRAL: So almost like a franchise operation of the larger --

THE WITNESS: To a degree, yes.

VICE CHAIR CABRAL: Thank you very much.

CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Commissioners, are there other questions? Commissioner Chang.

COMMISSIONER CHANG: Good afternoon, Mr. Mortford. Thank you for being here.

I wanted to ask you, with respect to the cultural preserve, what is the intention of Hawaiian Memorial Park with respect to who would steward that preserve? Is it Hawaiian Lands Trust? Koolaupoko Hawaiian Civic Club?

THE WITNESS: We have worked very closely with members of the Ko'olaupoko Hawaiian Civic Club, and we currently have a MOU with that organization.

They have -- they will have complete control of how the cultural preserve is managed.

We will defer all decisions to them. Our company has committed to developing the preserve in the manner in which they dictate to us on how they want it designed. Once that portion of it is completed, then they will steward it.

Hawaiian Island Land Trust would have an overall umbrella conservation easement over the overall parcel.

COMMISSIONER CHANG: I'm not sure if you're the right person to ask, but the cultural preserve, you're asking for that to be taken out of Conservation District and placed into part of the boundary amendment to Urban District?

THE WITNESS: That's correct.

COMMISSIONER CHANG: What are the uses in the cultural preserve that are inconsistent with the Conservation District?

THE WITNESS: That is not a question for me. I'll defer to the experts on that.

COMMISSIONER CHANG: Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Commissioners?

Commissioner Okuda.

COMMISSIONER OKUDA: Thank you, Mr. Chair.

1 Mr. Mortford, just so that I get the 2 corporate ownership and structure correct, is it true 3 that Service Corporation International owns 4 100 percent of the shares of stock of Hawaiian 5 Memorial Life Plan, Ltd.? 6 THE WITNESS: Yes. 7 COMMISSIONER OKUDA: Prior to acquiring the 8 100 percent of shares of stock of Hawaiian Memorial 9 Life Plan, did Service Corporation International have 10 any ownership interest in Hawaiian Memorial Life Plan? 11 12 THE WITNESS: Not to my knowledge. 13 COMMISSIONER OKUDA: Can you tell us 14 approximately what year Service Corporation 15 International acquired or obtained, or obtained transfer of the shares of Hawaiian Memorial Life 16 17 Plan, Ltd.? 18 THE WITNESS: The business in Hawai'i was 19 taken on by Service Corporation International in 20 1992. 2.1 COMMISSIONER OKUDA: And before -- when you 22 said business was taken on, do you also mean that's 23 when the shares of stock were purchased or acquired? 24 THE WITNESS: That's correct.

COMMISSIONER OKUDA: Before the shares of

stock were purchased or acquired by Service

Corporation International, I'm assuming Service

Corporation International did due diligence

investigation of the operations and the status and

things dealing with Hawaiian Memorial Park; is that

correct?

THE WITNESS: I wasn't involved with the company at that time, but I would assume that's a fair assessment, yes.

COMMISSIONER OKUDA: At the time when Service Corporation International acquired Hawaiian Memorial Park, it probably knew that this portion of the park's land was designated conservation, correct?

THE WITNESS: I think that's a fair

assessment, yes.

COMMISSIONER OKUDA: At that time, it would probably be a fair assessment that Service

Corporation International understood that its cemetery operations could not be expanded into the conservation area unless certain governmental approvals were received; fair statement?

THE WITNESS: Actually I can speak to what I know from that timeframe.

The parcel was originally purchased by Hawaiian Memorial Park Cemetery Association in 1984,

I believe was a 202 acre parcel, 203 acre parcel.

At the time, my understanding is that cemetery was defined an allowable use with the DLNR at that timeframe. In the mid '90s, like around 1994 -- these are estimates, these are just saying I've been explaining -- Department of Land and Natural Resources moved that language along with golf courses around that timeframe, and that's why we are where we are today. That's my understanding.

COMMISSIONER OKUDA: I'm just trying to get to what your understanding was at the time Service Corporation International acquired its ownership interest in Hawaiian Memorial Park.

Did it understand that at that time when it acquired its interest, that it could expand -- strike that.

At the time it acquired its interest, did

Service Corporation International believe that it

could operate its cemetery operations in the

conservation designated land; or did it believe it

could not do so without further government approval?

THE WITNESS: I was told by a former owner that it was conditioned with them on the purchase from Service Corporation International that they would develop this acreage in the future, that they

had to purchase that acreage along with the rest of the purchase, and that they promised to extend the cemetery at that time.

So to answer to your question, my understanding is that Service Corporation

International had a belief they were committed for future growth on that land and they would be able to do that.

I can't answer, because I wasn't involved in regards to if they were aware there would be additional governmental approval.

Can you tell us whether or not at the time when Service Corporation International acquired its shares in Hawaiian Memorial Park, Ltd., whether or not it believed that its cemetery operation was a permitted use at that time in the conservation zoned land?

THE WITNESS: I believe from what I have been told that they thought it was an allowable use.

COMMISSIONER OKUDA: I'm sorry?

THE WITNESS: I believe from what I was told -- I wasn't directly involved -- that it was an allowable use.

1 COMMISSIONER OKUDA: Who told you that? 2 THE WITNESS: John Farias. 3 COMMISSIONER OKUDA: Have you read the 4 entire -- have you read the entire EIS that has been 5 presented to us for approval or acceptance? 6 THE WITNESS: I have read the reports as 7 they have been coming in. I haven't read it cover to cover, but over the past year I've read the reports 8 9 that came in, yes. 10 COMMISSIONER OKUDA: Part of the report is 11 a justification, or part of the EIS, rather, includes 12 a justification or an explanation of the economic 13 benefits that are to accrue, or possibly probably 14 would accrue to the community; is that correct? 15 THE WITNESS: That is correct. 16 COMMISSIONER OKUDA: And these economic 17 benefits, of course, would accrue only if the 18 cemetery expansion and operation made money, to use a 19 lay person's term; correct? 20 THE WITNESS: That is correct. 21 COMMISSIONER OKUDA: Has your company, 22 whether its Hawaiian Memorial Park, Ltd., or Service 23 Corporation International, made an estimate of what

it anticipates to receive as gross revenue over the

entire term of its operations? What the gross

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revenue would be from sales and operations from the 1 2 presently Conservation Zoned land? 3 THE WITNESS: I have not seen a pro forma 4 that would address the future of every segment of the project as it's laid out and developed. 5 6 I know that our cemetery does developments 7 across the country all the time, and they had a pretty good idea what they will be able to perform at 8 9 what level to be able to have a positive impact on 10 their operations and continue our businesses. 11 But I have not seen a pro forma on 12 potential revenue out of this project. 13 COMMISSIONER OKUDA: Well, you know, you've 14 -- what is your position again with --15 THE WITNESS: I'm president of the company. 16 COMMISSIONER OKUDA: And you've been 17 president of the company here in Hawai'i since --THE WITNESS: My current position in 2006. 18 19 COMMISSIONER OKUDA: During the time that 20 you have been with Hawaiian Memorial Park, Ltd., have 2.1 you heard even third or fourth-hand any type of 22 estimate of the possible amount of revenue that would 23 be generated from the Conservation Zoned portion? 24 THE WITNESS: I have not. 25 COMMISSIONER OKUDA: So if -- do you

have -- given your position, and based on your experience in the industry, can you even give us an estimate of a range of what the probable income would be that would be derived from the Conservation Zoned area?

THE WITNESS: I can give you an estimate based on margin, on what I feel that out of the project we would get on a margin based on expenses, and you know, as far as what would go out and what would come in, I think we would probably average between four and \$5000 upwards depending on the location.

So you're going to have your cost of sell, your infrastructure. We look at the initial infrastructure of this project can be between 28 to \$30 million, that will be just putting the infrastructure of the project in.

That in itself will be funded by Service Corporation International initially, third-party funding. But as far as the acreage and the original development, that hasn't been talked about yet. I'm assuming, looking at 8 to 10 acres, and you're going to be generating — this is a tough question without me sitting down and doing some estimate with analysis. I really can't answer it, you know, off

1 | the top of my head.

COMMISSIONER OKUDA: Please don't prejudge the meaning of my questions. I don't believe there's anything wrong with making money. In fact, many times a work-well project is not supposed to go forward if it is not financially viable.

But you understand that as far as for us to determine whether or not this EIS is acceptable, we have to determine whether or not there's sufficient information for us to use the EIS to make the later judgement under the statutory framework that the legislature has imposed on us.

So, I mean, is it reasonable to say that Hawaiian Memorial Park, Ltd., expects to earn gross revenues of over \$500 million from sales and operations in the Conservation Zoned area, or you can't tell us one way or the other?

THE WITNESS: I think that's -- that is rather high -- but I think that its potential between, for a total 28 acres spread out over time, I think there is a possibility that you could move upwards into that much money, yes.

COMMISSIONER OKUDA: Is it possible, given the acreage, that over time you could move up into maybe \$700 million?

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THE WITNESS: I don't think so.
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2
                COMMISSIONER OKUDA: You don't think so?
 3
                THE WITNESS: No.
 4
                COMMISSIONER OKUDA: But there's nothing in
      this EIS that's been presented to us that shows what
5
 6
      the gross income or revenue would be, or how that
7
      would be calculated or determined; correct?
                THE WITNESS: That is correct.
8
9
                COMMISSIONER OKUDA: Now, would you agree
10
     that the central premise or foundation of this
11
     request or redesignation of the conservation land,
12
     the fundamental bottom line, foundational premises is
13
     we have to have a place, or we should have a place
14
     where we can bury or interment or place for final
15
     rest of our treasured family members?
16
                THE WITNESS: I think that is the primary
17
     reason.
18
                COMMISSIONER OKUDA: And there are
19
     different alternatives on how to reach that
20
     objective, correct?
                THE WITNESS: I'm not sure I understand the
21
22
     question. What do you mean by "different
23
     alternatives"?
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                COMMISSIONER OKUDA: For example, I think
25
      in your EIS there was a discussion of what some of
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the other cemeteries in the State of Hawai'i have
1
2
     been doing, or at least on the Island of Oahu that
 3
     have been doing to deal with -- I don't want to use
 4
     the word "burial", because you in the funeral
 5
      industry have certain terms -- but if you use a lay
     person's term, burial or interment or place for in
 6
7
     perpetuity remains of our loved ones.
                I mean, there's a discussion in the EIS,
8
9
     correct?
10
                THE WITNESS: I believe so. I don't recall
11
     reading that, but yes.
12
                COMMISSIONER OKUDA: For example, didn't
      you have in your EIS a table that listed the
13
14
      different cemeteries in the state on the Island of
15
      Oahu, and how many plots or grips or earned spaces
     were in existence?
16
17
                THE WITNESS: I believe in that report it
18
      showed the burial space would be out 2040, if I
19
     recall.
20
                COMMISSIONER OKUDA: I'm looking maybe at
21
     alternatives. For example, one of the entries in the
22
     table was Oahu Cemetery, correct?
23
                THE WITNESS: Yes.
24
                COMMISSIONER OKUDA: Oahu Cemetery,
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according to the table, was established in what year?

1 THE WITNESS: I don't recall the year it 2 was established. I know it's the oldest cemetery on 3 Oahu. 4 COMMISSIONER OKUDA: Was that 1848? 5 THE WITNESS: It's possible, yes. 6 COMMISSIONER OKUDA: And Oahu Cemetery was 7 still advertising or representing that there are ways of, for lack of a term, burying, burying or keeping 8 in perpetuity ones loves ones; correct? 9 10 THE WITNESS: I don't recall that. But if 11 you're meaning that families have the option to 12 cremate to be able to inurn as an option, I'm sure 13 that was pointed out, yes. 14 COMMISSIONER OKUDA: Isn't it true, Oahu 15 Cemetery advertises last space, urn space so you can 16 visit your love one and actually see the urn and that 17 would bring comfort to the person? 18 THE WITNESS: I haven't seen that 19 advertisement. 20 COMMISSIONER OKUDA: In any event, we are 21 talking about whether or not the EIS adequately 22 addresses alternatives. 23 Was there a discussion in the draft -- not

the draft -- was there a discussion in the EIS that
was presented to us for acceptance or denial about

24

1 those type of alternatives being built on Hawaiian
2 Memorial Park, Ltd's existing land?

In other words, not on the conservation designated area, but those type of alternatives on the existing land? Was there discussion about that in the EIS?

THE WITNESS: I don't recall if it was or not. But I would like to defer to the person that did -- the expert that did that report.

COMMISSIONER OKUDA: So I should probably direct these questions to someone else?

12 THE WITNESS: That probably would be 13 better.

COMMISSIONER OKUDA: Thank you very much, Mr. Chair, and thank you very much for your testimony.

CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Anything further, Commissioners?

MR. MATSUBARA: We have --

CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: After you're done with this witness, if you could give us a preview of who you're planning to call to give the Commissioners a sense of who they might address certain questions to.

25 -000-

## 1 DIRECT EXAMINATION CONTINUED 2 BY MR. MATSUBARA: 3 Q In terms of the economic benefits for the 4 community was asked, there's construction cost that 5 are going to be incurred in terms of the development 6 cost for the cemetery; is that correct? 7 Α That is correct. So that's economic benefit to the 8 9 community? 10 Α That's correct. Now, in terms of the construction cost for 11 12 what you're proposing to develop if the Petition is approved, you've laid out construction costs in the 13 EIS 29 to \$30 million? 14 15 That's correct. You reviewed the feasibility of the 16 17 organization to pay for and develop that, the 18 Petition Area, as you represented in the Petition? 19 Α Correct. 20 And based on your historic record in terms 21 of sales, margins and profitability, you believe that 22 the purchase and acquisition and development is 23 sustainable? 24 Α I do.

This is based on all the things we just

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mentioned in terms of historical experience, the fact
1
2
     that the company is willing to invest the $30 million
 3
      in this property and fully develop it, understanding
 4
     that the sale of plots stretches over a long period
5
      of time, because people may pre-buy their lots and
 6
     not use it for years?
7
                That's correct.
                MR. MATSUBARA: The EIS does contain the
8
9
      revenue for the park annually, and our expert who
10
     prepared it, included it in the EIS and could address
11
      it specifically, but it is in the EIS.
12
                I have no further questions, thank you.
                CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Thank you, Mr.
13
14
     Mortford.
15
                THE WITNESS: Thank you.
16
                MR. MATSUBARA: Mr. Tabata will be handling
17
     the next witness and give you a preview.
18
                MR. TABATA: Our next witness is Scott Ezer
19
     and he will be called as the EIS preparer.
20
                CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Hold up, Mr. Ezer.
21
                Who else are you planning to call, if
22
     anyone?
23
                MR. TABATA: We have all of our --
24
                COURT REPORTER: I can't hear you.
25
                MR. TABATA: -- If there are areas that the
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1 Commissioners wish to get into, we can call our 2 consultants, depending on the subject matter. 3 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: At this point you're 4 just planning to call Mr. Mortford and Mr. Ezer? 5 MR. TABATA: Correct. 6 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Mr. Ezer, do you 7 swear or affirm that the testimony you're about to give is the truth? 8 9 THE WITNESS: I do. 10 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: You may proceed with 11 your witness, Mr. Tabata. SCOTT H. EZER 12 13 Was called as a witness by and on behalf of the 14 Petitioner, was sworn to tell the truth, was examined 15 and testified as follows: 16 DIRECT EXAMINATION 17 BY MR. TABATA: 18 Would you please provide your professional Q 19 background? 20 Before I do that, I think for the record I 21 have to identify my name. 22 Again, Scott Ezer. My address, which is 23 733 Bishop Street, Suite 2590, Honolulu, Hawai'i 96813. 24 25 Thank you. Now, please provide us your Q

background information.

A I received a bachelor in art degree from University of California Berkeley in sociology in 1974. I received a master's in urban regional planning from the University of Hawai'i at Manoa in 1977.

I began my professional experience as a planner working for the City and County of Honolulu with the Department of Land Utilization, which is the precursor agency to Department of Planning and Permitting.

While I was working at DLU, I had a wide variety of experiences, permit processing, reviewing EIS's. I was also co-author of the City and County of Honolulu zoning code for land use ordinance.

In 1989 I left the city and county to work for my current company. At that point it was known as Helber Hastert & Kimura. That morphed into Helber Hastert & Fee Planners, and we are currently known as HHF Planners.

I have been a principal in the firm since 19 -- since 2001.

Q How many EIS's have you prepared?

A I can remember at least a dozen EIS's that

I have either been the principal author or the

principal-in-charge for going back to the 1990s. I have also been the principal author or the principal-in-charge of at least 25 EA's, either under the provisions of Chapter 343 Hawaii Revised Statutes, or the National Environmental Policy Act as amended.

Q Thank you.

How long have you been living in Hawai'i?

A I moved to Hawai'i in 1961. My dad taught at the University of Hawai'i. Over the years, prior to my working for city and county in planning capacity, I was a lifeguard for the city and county between 1972 and 1978, principally working at Sandy Beach Park and Makapu'u Beach Park.

Q Could you please describe for us your involvement with this project?

A Before I get there, I also would just like to add in terms of my experience, as a professional planner in Hawai'i I've had the opportunity to work on many planning-related documents for government agencies.

As part of that experience I was responsible for preparing two sustainable community plans for the City and County of Honolulu. I've worked on -- I was principal in charge for the North

Shore Sustainable Communities Plan.

I was also in charge of the Koolauloa

Sustainable Communities Plan. I am

principal-in-charge for an update to the County

General Plan, which is currently before the City and

County, City Council. And I also have been

principal-in-charge for a project to identify

Important Agricultural Land for the city and county,

which is also before the Honolulu City Council which

I believe will be forwarded to this body soon.

Q Thank you.

Could you describe for us how you are involved with this project?

A I've been associated with the opportunity to expand Hawaiian Memorial Park going back to 2007. I was the principal-in-charge for the EIS, which was accepted by this body for that project. As we know, that petition was not approved, and we went back, completely redesigned the project, and redid this EIS over the last three or four years.

So I have been not only associated with the attempt to change the State Land Use District

Boundary Amendment, but I also assisted the landowner in obtaining an amendment to the Koolaupoko

Sustainable Communities Plan that allows this project

- 1 to be consistent with the Koolaupoko SCP.
  - Q The community plan, was that in 2017?
- 3 A Say again, please.

- Q The amendment with the community plan that you were involved in, that was in 2017?
- A Correct. The City Council adopted, and a complete update to the Ko'olaupoko Sustainable Communities Plan in 2017, which included the amendment that brings this project into consistency with the SCP.
- Q And this project that we're talking about, was that included in the community growth boundary?
  - A Yes.
- Q And based on your experience, do you believe that this project is in conformance with that community plan?
- A I do, and I am in agreement with the remarks that Acting Director Sokugawa gave earlier this morning that identified the project to be consistent with the SCP.
- Q Could you describe for us the project that is before the Commission?
- A Mr. Mortford already identified the main elements of the project. He described the size of the project.

There are three basic components to the project, the cemetery itself, which comprises

28.2 acres, the cultural preserve which accommodates

14.5 acres, and then the balance of the Petition Area which 53.45 acres would be left to open undisturbed area.

But the Conservation Easement also goes outside the bounds of the Petition Area to ensure that there would be no further expansion of the cemetery outside of the area being proposed as part of the boundary agreement.

Q Included with the EIS there are several studies and reports. Could you please describe those for us?

A We undertook a large number of studies for this project. We did a market study, and all of the authors of the studies I'm going to identify are present here.

We did an Archaeological Inventory Survey, which was in addition to the Archaeological Inventory Survey that was done back in 2008.

We did an update and expansion of a Cultural Impact Assessment that included interviews with, I believe, at least six kumu hula who use the property to gather.

We did a flora study. We did a faunal study. We did a special study of invertebrates, focusing on the endangered Hawaiian blackline damselfly.

We did a study on water quality that looked at the chemical content of stormwater that is generated by and off the property. Water samples taken from Kawa Stream immediately adjacent to the property throughout the course of Kawa Stream and also where Kawa Stream enters into Kaneohe Bay.

We did advanced analysis of groundwater, specifically as it affects the habitat for the blackline damselfly, and understanding how the water source for the damselfly is provided, because without that water source, there would be no habitat for the damselfly.

We did a noise study that looked at specifically the impacts associated with construction noise in the vicinity of the cemetery expansion area.

We did a Traffic Impact Analysis Report.

And we also looked at whether drainageways on the property were or were not considered jurisdictional waters of the U.S.

Q Could you also describe for us the procedural history for the EIS?

The EIS Preparation Notice was published on December 23rd, 2017. The comment period ended on January 22, 2018. The Draft EIS notice, EIS notice published on September 8th, 2018, and the comment period deadline ended October 23rd, 2018. The Final EIS Notice of availability was published on April 23rd, 2019. It was filed with the Commission on April 1st, 2019.

Q The comments that you received through the prep notice and the Draft EIS, those comments were included in Final EIS?

A All comments that were received by the comment period deadline are included in the document, and responses to all of those comments are also in the Final EIS.

Q We had testimony earlier that said that the DOFAW letter was not included in the Final EIS.

Could you explain that, please?

A That is correct.

The DOFAW letter was not received prior to the comment period deadline. It was not the only comment letter that was received after the deadline. We had to treat all late letters in the same manner. They do not appear in the Final EIS, but we have answered those letters, and commenters received our

Thank you.

Scott, does the proposed Final EIS, to your knowledge, satisfy how housing requirements Section 11-200-18 of the Hawai'i Administrative Rules and Chapter 343 of the Hawai'i Revised Statutes?

I believe it does and it was prepared in

Thank you.

MR. TABATA: I have no further questions. CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: City and county?

MR. TAKAHASHI: We have no questions.

CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Office of Planning?

MS. APUNA: Yes, I do have one question.

CROSS-EXAMINATION

BY MS. APUNA:

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I think counsel mentioned that there were other letters that were -- that came in after the deadline.

Can you tell us what agencies those were?

The agencies -- specifically the agencies were the State Department of Transportation, the City and County Department of Transportation Services. And I believe -- I'm sorry -- Division of Aquatic Resources with DLNR.

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Many divisions within DLNR did get their
1
2
     comments in on time, others did not.
 3
          Q So would the Office of Planning be able to
 4
     get copies of those letters?
5
          Α
               Yes.
 6
          0
                Thank you. And the responses?
7
          Α
               Yes.
                Thank you.
8
          Q
9
                CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Commissioners,
10
     questions for Mr. Ezer?
11
                Commissioner Chang.
12
                COMMISSIONER CHANG: Thank you so much for
13
     being here. Just a few questions.
                I did ask Mr. Mortford about the cultural
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15
     preserve. As I understand you just described the
16
     project as three components, 28 acres being the
17
     expansion, approximately 12 acres for the cultural
     preserve, and 53 acres would be on Conservation
18
19
     Easement?
20
                But the Petition Area for the boundary
21
     amendment is just the expansion and the cultural
22
     preserve; is that correct?
23
                THE WITNESS: That is correct.
24
                COMMISSIONER CHANG: Could you explain --
25
     and I did read through the EIS -- what are the
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proposed activities in the cultural preserve that are inconsistent with the Conservation District?

2.1

THE WITNESS: The Petitioner has been in discussion with Ko'olaupoko Hawai'i Civic Club about the possibility of using a portion of the cultural preserve for traditional Hawaiian burial.

Recently, there has been an amendment to the Hawaii Revised Statute that allows Native

Hawaiian burial to proceed without or -- and I'm not an expert in this specific law -- but it does allow practitioners not to have to fall under the other provisions of burial requirements contained in the Hawai'i Revised Statute.

So the intent is to allow a portion of the cultural preserve to accommodate these burials. And we do not believe that would be allowed in the state Conservation District.

COMMISSIONER CHANG: You've been working on the project since 2007?

THE WITNESS: Correct.

COMMISSIONER CHANG: Could you briefly describe what are the changes that have been made since 2007 to today in response to community concerns or agency comments?

THE WITNESS: It's a long list.

COMMISSIONER CHANG: Briefly describe --

eliminated any consideration of expanding the cemetery beyond the boundaries of what we are now calling the cultural preserve between the cultural preserve and Pohai Nani in order to provide a larger buffer between the project and Pohai Nani. That's number one.

Number two, we have taken an active role in opening discussions with the Hawaiian Island Land Trust to ensure that the community is provided with sufficient proof that there will be no further development within the property owned by Hawai'i Memorial Life Plan, Ltd., so that the entire property would fall under the Conservation Easement, and the only use allowed within the 28.2 acres that would accommodate the cemetery expansion would be cemetery use.

We have eliminated entirely all structures associated with the project.

In the previous iteration of the project, there were larger buildings that were referred to as mausoleums. Those have been eliminated, so that they are no longer part of the project.

We've expanded the buffer between adjoining

residential properties from 50 to 100 feet to a minimum of 150 feet. So all of -- there's a larger buffer there.

We also were able to obtain an amendment to the county's Sustainable Communities Plan, which brings the project into consistency with the Sustainable Communities Plan.

COMMISSIONER CHANG: With the changes,
based on what you've been saying and what I heard, it
appears as if those changes were made, were in
response to comments or concerns that were raised,
whether it be by Pohai Nani, whether it by the Native
Hawaiian community, whether it be by the residents;
is that a fair statement?

THE WITNESS: That is a fair statement.

COMMISSIONER CHANG: I would like to move onto the Archaeological Inventory Survey that was done.

THE WITNESS: I will try to answer your questions. If I cannot, we have people that can.

COMMISSIONER CHANG: Fair enough. Because we are here to determine the adequacy of the FEIS.

And so if you can help me better understand the AIS report.

What was the trenching strategy for the EIS

- report? Because it appears as if there were only two
  new excavation trenches that were done in the EIS.

  The other new historic properties appear to have been
  identified to a pedestrian -- what was the trenching
  strategy given that the cemetery is proposing
  - What kind of sampling strategies did they use, did your archaeologist use for the area that is being proposed for the cemetery expansion?

expansion on approximately 28 acres.

- THE WITNESS: I'm going to punt on that.

  I'm going to ask one of our consultants to come up,

  I'll be here.
  - CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Procedurally in terms of flow, Commissioner Chang, do you have other questions for Mr. Ezer before we move onto another witness?
  - COMMISSIONER CHANG: Why don't you ask the other Commissioners if they have any questions of Mr. Ezer.
  - CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Before we bring up

    Dr. Sproat, Commissioners, are there other questions

    for Mr. Ezer? Commissioner Okuda.
- COMMISSIONER OKUDA: Thank you, Mr. Chair.
- Mr. Ezer, in preparing the EIS which we have to make a decision on today, did you or someone

in your team investigate or check into what other cemeteries on Oahu have done to allow interments or burials -- let me use the term "burial" to include keeping of urns, whether it's in the ground or in niches or mausoleums or burial, sort of in a lay person's term?

Did either you or members of your team investigate what alternatives other cemeteries on Oahu have engaged in to increase burial capacity?

examine the market as it relates to the burial industry, looked at common practices throughout Oahu, and did investigate, I believe, all of the main cemeteries on Oahu, including Oahu Cemetery, Valley of the Temple, Mililani Cemetery, and the proposed cemetery in Hawaii Kai which has been on the books at least ten, maybe 15 years, but has not seen any development including their practices that relate to the differentiation between in-ground or casketed burials and interments, yes.

COMMISSIONER OKUDA: So would it be a fair statement to say that the building or building of column burials or mid structures or things like that or expansion of those types of structures to hold urns or even caskets are alternatives for burials

compared to, or alternatives to simply put in urns or caskets into the ground?

THE WITNESS: Some of those cemeteries do that. In response to concerns raised during the last go-round of this, the previous petition, all of those above-ground structures, at the request of the community, were removed from the project.

They were determined to not be -- they were determined or thought to be visual intrusions and were removed from the project.

You can still have smaller structures within your own plot to put interments, and Hawaiian Memorial Park does that as a common practice.

question is not clear, because I'm not looking to the ultimate approval of the request for the boundary amendment or not approving it, I'm trying to focus on whether or not the EIS, based on the standards set forth, for example, in Price versus Obayashi, whether or not the alternatives have been discussed.

So I'm not trying to make a judgment on whether or not the alternative is a good alternative or bad alternative, just looking to see whether or not the alternative was discussed, even if that alternative in the past might have fallen flat.

So more specifically, does the EIS discuss as an alternative to the expansion or boundary redesignation of the proposed expanded space, did it discuss the building or expansion of column burials or mid space or other ways of inurning or burying multiple remains in the existing or now existing cemetery without an expansion? Was that alternative discussed in the Final EIS?

THE WITNESS: It was not. And for a reason. And that is, I think, as Mr. Mortford explained, 94, 95 percent of the plots available at Hawaiian Memorial Park have already been sold. They have been sold under a specific contract. And the terms of that contract have already been set. So it would be difficult, if not impossible, to redo those contracts to allow more burials of any kind that are already permitted by the contract.

COMMISSIONER OKUDA: My question was whether or not the alternative was presented.

Now, there might be reasons why that alternative would not be a good alternative, and maybe there would be reasons why maybe 80 percent of the time that alternative would not be probable or not be used.

My question is simply, so that we determine

that we satisfy the standard of Price versus

Obayashi, whether the alternative was discussed at

all?

2.1

Related to that, isn't it true that, for example, right now there is a limitation on the number of -- is there or is there not a limitation on the number of urns that can be placed in a family's cemetery plot at Hawaiian Memorial Park?

THE WITNESS: I believe there is a limit. What that limit is, I don't know exactly.

COMMISSIONER OKUDA: Okay. Whatever that limit is, isn't it true that one alternative to satisfy the desires of local families, that everyone be buried together, let's say if the limit is six urns in a plot, that it might be possible to allow maybe 12 urns in the plot provided an additional fee is paid to Hawaiian Memorial Park? I mean, that would be an alternative, correct?

THE WITNESS: That could be an alternative, but with respect to Title 11, Chapter 200 and Chapter 343, we are directed to address reasonable alternatives. And I don't believe that from the construct of the examination of this project that that was considered a reasonable alternative.

COMMISSIONER OKUDA: The point is that that

alternative doesn't appear anywhere in the EIS, correct?

2.1

THE WITNESS: That is correct.

COMMISSIONER OKUDA: And we heard at least one public testimony about the fact that in Japan there may be multiple urns placed in a plot. Do find that testimony not believable?

THE WITNESS: I'm not -- I have no knowledge of what occurs in Japan. There are reasons for restrictions on numbers of urns.

COMMISSIONER OKUDA: I'm just trying to investigate whether or not the EIS has presented to us alternatives for decision-making just to raise one other question, to check the scope or determine the scope of alternatives that were looked at.

Did you or members of your team look at the physical layout, for example, Nuuanu Memorial Park about how they have been adding urn space in places where you would be very surprised that you could even add urn space?

THE WITNESS: We did not examine the business practices of each one of the cemeteries that we looked at during our market study.

We did do interviews and we had discussions with representatives of those cemeteries about their

business practice, and those were considered in determining whether or not the expansion was warranted a market perspective.

COMMISSIONER OKUDA: And regarding -- one final question later about whether or not the expansion is warranted from a business perspective, but going back to alternatives to the expansion of the park for burials, did you consider, for example, what Nuuanu Memorial Park seems to have done, which is adding on niche spaces to existing buildings?

Was that considered an alternative for

burial, to deal with burial demand in the EIS? Does it address that?

THE WITNESS: It did not.

COMMISSIONER OKUDA: And did the EIS address, for example, the alternative of possibly redeveloping the parking lot area of the Memorial Park, even though it might require additional government approvals, but developing the parking areas to deal with the demand for inurnments or keeping of urns in some type of niches?

THE WITNESS: It was not determined to be a reasonable alternative because the park has a certain environment it needs to protect, including the availability of parking spaces and roadways for the

1 safety of its patrons.

The space at the existing Hawaiian Memorial Park has been effectively exhausted.

COMMISSIONER OKUDA: I was just looking at alternatives.

My final question deals with your comment about economics.

Can you tell us what the expected revenue is for Hawaiian Memorial Park, Ltd., and its shareholder -- actually skip the shareholder -- what would be the expected revenue for Hawaiian Memorial Park that would arise out of the Conservation Zoned area if it were redesignated to allow the cemetery expansion? How much money are we looking at?

THE WITNESS: I believe you asked Mr.

Mortford that question, and he gave you an estimate.

I think the requirements of the Commission and the --

Somebody just pointed out to me that we have a Table 4-11 which -- during the various periods of development -- and it's on page 4-64 of the EIS, suggests that -- and I'm going to give you a round number here -- that the revenue to be derived between 2020 and the total during buildout would be approximately \$116 million.

COMMISSIONER OKUDA: So that's the amount

that the applicant projects it will receive. Is that 1 2 gross revenue from the expansion of the cemetery? 3 THE WITNESS: I'm going to defer those 4 questions. 5 MR. MATSUBARA: We have the specific --6 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Counsel, can you 7 speak into the microphone? MR. MATSUBARA: We have the specific 8 9 witness who prepared the economic study who can 10 answer your question. 11 COMMISSIONER OKUDA: Then I will defer to 12 that person. Thank you. 13 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: It's 1:42. We are 14 going to keep Scott on and take a ten-minute break. 15 (Recess taken.) CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Aloha. We are back 16 17 in session. Three minutes later than I wanted to be, 18 but trying to figure out how long we have this room 19 until. The answer is 5:00 o'clock. 20 As a balance between providing as complete and full and fair discussion of the issues before us, 21 22 but also being efficient, it is still my hope to get

We still have Mr. Ezer on the witness

through the entire docket including deliberations

today, but we will see how it goes.

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1 stand. Are there further questions for Mr. Ezer? 2 Commissioner Chang. 3 COMMISSIONER CHANG: Thank you, Scott. 4 This is a followup to a question that I had asked 5 about changes that have been made. 6 So at one point in time the proposed 7 expansion included what is now approximately 58 acres 8 that's going to be the Conservation Easement? THE WITNESS: Yes. 9 10 COMMISSIONER CHANG: I am assuming within that 58 acres Hawaiian Memorial Park was 11 12 contemplating putting in additional burial plots 13 there? 14 THE WITNESS: Correct. 15 COMMISSIONER CHANG: So that's actually 16 approximately twice the size of the proposed cemetery 17 expansion now, which is --18 THE WITNESS: Correct. 19 COMMISSIONER CHANG: So based upon your 20 market analysis, at some point in time Hawaiian 21 Memorial Park needed the 58 acres to meet their 22 needs? 23 THE WITNESS: I believe they were trying to meet longer-range needs. So whatever space is 24

allowable will meet the needs up to a certain point

25

1 in time.

2.1

now have before us, is that -- is the proposed project's need, is that need now -- is 28 acres sufficient to meet Hawaiian Memorial Park's needs for the next -- I can't recall what is in your FEIS. But is that now sufficient, or are there going to be a request at some later time?

THE WITNESS: There will be no further requests.

COMMISSIONER CHANG: Have there been adjustments to the burial practices that there is not a need for the additional 58 acres?

THE WITNESS: No. At some point in time the community, the Island of Oahu, will still need that burial space. Where it is provided will be an interesting conversation for others.

COMMISSSIONER CHANG: Does it also appear to say that Hawaiian Memorial Park made adjustments to it plans in response to community needs as well as its own needs?

THE WITNESS: That is correct.

COMMISSIONER CHANG: Looking through the alternative analysis or the alternative considered, there was one alternative that we need future

studies.

So is it now the position of Hawaiian

Memorial Park that this FEIS is totally complete and
there are no additional studies that need to be
reviewed or prepared for the proposed?

THE WITNESS: To my knowledge, I believe we have provided the information necessary for the Land Use Commission to consider the docket.

COMMISSIONER CHANG: Thank you very much.

CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Are there further questions for Mr. Ezer? Commissioner Cabral.

VICE CHAIR CABRAL: I'll try and be fast.

I'm trying to go back in my notes from the community, and one of the things someone had referenced they were concerned about parking in the area. And I don't recall seeing anything in your statement that addressed parking.

I saw you worked with DOT on that, on transportation, but was -- the parking would be internal, and I'm assuming that the county would require that they provide parking lots. Is that an issue for community on parking?

THE WITNESS: I believe, and I hope I'm not speaking out of turn, but my understanding of the parking issue relates to people who access the

property through the end of the dead end of Lipalu Street.

Currently practitioners who want access to the property to gather or to go visit Kawa'ewa'e Heiau, access the property from that Lipalu Street because that is the closest point of access to those areas.

So if there are large numbers of people who are entering the property, that's where they would go.

In addition to that, there are frequent instances of trespassing on the property. People, hunters, people access, and again, a common entry point is the end of Lipalu Street, that's my understanding of the parking situation. All of the parking for the guests and visitors for the cemetery would be handled on-site.

VICE CHAIR CABRAL: Thank you.

I see too that you've given a lot of consideration to a number of the other issues with the water, flooding, attempted to address that. And then -- oh, the fly, damselfly has been addressed.

So one of the other things too is that someone said that it was going to be very close to Pohai Nani, and yet I read in here, I think it's

1 1900 feet away from Pohai Nani, but someone said it's
2 going to be within a few feet hundred feet within
3 Pohai Nani.

THE WITNESS: The comment letter that we received from the Department of Planning and Permitting on the Draft EIS suggested that the cemetery was going to be about 1350 feet from Pohai Nani. The issue in that case was that, in error, the Department of Planning and Permitting made their measurements to the edge of the Pohai Nani property, the boundary property instead of to where people actually live. So that's the discrepancy in the numbers.

VICE CHAIR CABRAL: Thank you very much.

CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Commissioners?

Commissioner Okuda.

COMMISSIONER OKUDA: Chair, thank you.

A question by my fellow Commissioner about the flooding issue.

Is there anything in the Final EIS which discuss the quantity or projected quantity of solids which would runoff during construction?

THE WITNESS: Yes.

COMMISSIONER OKUDA: Is that on a certain page or chart because I might have overlooked it?

THE WITNESS: I'm sure it is on a certain page or chart, but I can't quote it to you off the top of my head.

We did a quite extensive investigation of all of that in a number of different studies including water quality, civil engineering, grading. There is an extensive discussion of what materials would leave the property and ultimately wind up in Kawa Stream.

COMMISSIONER OKUDA: I looked at the Kawa Stream study, and that seemed to be a study of outflows that are currently taking place, and what might take place after construction was finished.

I know there was a reference that best practices would be used during construction to limit surface runoff, things like that.

My question was, was that quantified anywhere in there, as far as whether or not there was going to be an increase in runoff during construction or anything like that?

THE WITNESS: The discussion of the construction period impacts deal with the best management practices that go into effect during the grading.

As part of the processing of a grading

- permit, there has to be a much more detailed analysis
  of how that works and exactly what the best
  management practices are.
- COMMISSIONER OKUDA: That's basically what

  I was looking to see whether or not that information

  was contained in the EIS.
- 7 THE WITNESS: Discussion of construction 8 period impacts is in the EIS.
- 9 COMMISSIONER OKUDA: Okay, I guess I'll 10 have to look again. Thank you.
- 11 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Commissioners, other 12 questions?

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- If I may, I want to ask some questions that are really related to public testimony that we received earlier.
- One of the questions, and one that -- two or three makes sense to a lot of people, there is a Conservation District. Why would we move it out of the Conservation District?
- Could you discuss the difference between protection of land zoning as in the Conservation

  District versus the protection provided by a 

  Conservation Easement?
- THE WITNESS: They both use the term

  "conservation" but they're very different legal

vehicles. The Conservation District was formerly adopted by this body in 1964, it's an outgrowth of the 1962 State Land Use plot. When all of the land in the State of Hawai'i was placed into four separate land use categories.

The Conservation District in and of itself is intended to protect land that has high -- for lack of a better term, I realize it's redundant -- but conservation value.

The Conservation District itself is further subdivided into different subzones ranging from the most protected subzone to the least protected subzone.

The majority of the project area, of the Petition Area, is in the least sensitive of the protected subzones.

The Office of Conservation and -- OCCL had no issues related to the Petition. The area that we're discussing previously has been used as a dairy, and as a pineapple plantation.

The vegetation on the property is mostly invasive.

CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Just, again,

Conservation Zoning versus Conservation Easement.

THE WITNESS: So the zoning allows certain

1 kinds of uses and dictates how you can use those uses
2 within the Conservation District.

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A Conservation Easement is a private agreement between property owner and the owner of the easement or the holder of the easement.

In this case, I believe that there is a state statute which provides oversight and directs how Conservation Easements are to be arranged and agreed upon; and the holder of the easement is the entity that ensures that the provisions of the agreement are held rather than a government entity.

CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: And can conservation easements be revoked or changed?

THE WITNESS: It cannot.

CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: So more permanent?

THE WITNESS: More permanent.

CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: The difference between conservation easement over agricultural land versus IAL designation is that IAL may be removed, but a conservation easement for agricultural land cannot be removed?

THE WITNESS: That is correct.

CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: I want to talk about -- I don't believe there is a lot of case law that really explains what a good set of alternatives

1 is versus a not so good set of alternatives.

Alternatives have to comply with and fulfill the objectives of the project?

THE WITNESS: That is correct.

CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: And provide some reasonable -- that includes alternatives that would have less environmental impact; is that correct?

THE WITNESS: That is correct.

CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Help me understand the objectives of this project.

Are in-ground burials one of the key objectives of this project providing land for additional in-ground burials as opposed to column burials?

THE WITNESS: It is the primary purpose and objective of this project. I think we went into considerable detail identifying that the recent trend in flipping the percentage of in-ground burials versus cremation, a number of cremations have gone up, but although the number of percentage of in-ground burials have gone down, their numbers have remained the same just because more people are passing away.

The percentage of people that are in my age cohort, as we refer to us as boomers, we are now a

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major segment of the demographic, and we're dying in
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      large numbers, and for that reason, the need for
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      in-ground burials has not diminished and that is a
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     primary objective and need for the purpose.
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                CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER:
                                     Was that a primary
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      concern in preparing the EIS in terms of choosing
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      which alternatives might be worthy of consideration
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      that they would fulfill that objective?
                THE WITNESS: It's a central consideration
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     when you're looking at alternatives does it fulfill
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     purpose and need.
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                CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: My last -- I have two
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     more, three sets of questions. One has to do with
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      the late comments from the Division of Aquatic
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     Resources regarding the presumably damselfly habitat.
                THE WITNESS: I don't believe the DAR
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      commented on the damselfly at all.
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                CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Can you confirm that?
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                THE WITNESS: They did not comment on the
20
      damselfly.
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                CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: The Division of
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      Forestry and Wildlife?
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                THE WITNESS: DOFAW did.
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                CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: And are you
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incorporating all of the recommended protective

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1 | strategies for Division of Forestry and Wildlife?

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THE WITNESS: We have a difference of opinion in terms of with DOFAW and how they were regarding some of the minimization measures.

We met with Mr. David Smith, who is the DOFAW chief administrator for DOFAW, last week. We discussed his letter, we discussed our comment. And he had no issues with the project after our conversation.

CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Will you have further information on that if we move forward in the proceedings?

THE WITNESS: Yes.

CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Finally, there was a comment from a member of the public about roads below the existing cemetery sweating or exuding water, if I understood him correctly -- well, after rainfall events. And a trend over his lifetime experience in the area increasing over time.

Can you discuss how the EIS addressed issues of the affect of changing upslope vegetation on water flow in the area?

THE WITNESS: Yes. There's been a lot of discussion about changing the characteristic of stormwater on the property once there's been grading

and existing vegetation has been removed.

Now, the fact of the matter is that much of the land area that's under the existing canopy is dirt. There's no ground cover. Some ground cover in some areas, but a large area underneath the canopy is dirt, because nothing can grow under the canopy.

We documented, through the studies that we did, and our water quality people, our civil engineering people will all tell you that in terms of understanding the characteristics of stormwater, when there is bare earth versus turfgrass, and the fact that the area we're proposing to grade, we are going to reduce the slope. We're changing a number of the characteristics associated with stormwater runoff.

That is the surface area, which would go to grass, which has a higher capability to slow down runoff, and allow percolation of runoff into the ground. And the slope would slow the runoff down to allow -- it would reduce the amount of runoff.

Putting in retention basins around the periphery of the area that is going to be graded will capture a lot of the stormwater and allowing it to settle, removing the total suspended solids, and also allow for a more efficient release of stormwater that does not percolate into the ground into the county

- 1 drainage system.
- 2 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Thank you. I have
- 3 nothing further.
- 4 Commissioners, anything further for Mr.
- 5 Ezer?
- 6 COMMISSIONER CHANG: One last question to
- 7 follow up.
- 8 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Is this the last
- 9 question?
- 10 COMMISSIONER CHANG: I promise this is the
- 11 last question for Mr. Ezer.
- 12 Concerns regarding access, you mentioned
- 13 | that along with the neighbors. How has the EIS
- 14 | addressed that?
- THE WITNESS: When we conducted a Cultural
- 16 Impact Assessment, the interviews for the Cultural
- 17 | Impact Assessment, almost all of -- and I can't think
- of an instance when this would not occur.
- 19 Practitioners access the property through
- 20 Lipalu Street. So there's been discussion about --
- 21 the plan provides access to the cultural preserve
- 22 through the future cemetery, and that would be -- we
- 23 | could eliminate access off Lipalu Street.
- The practitioners at this time are -- they
- 25 | haven't completely bought into the concept of access

1 through the cemetery. They may want to continue 2 through Lipalu Street, but we believe that eventually 3 that could be accommodated, but there will also be --4 the Petitioner has committed to putting a fence along 5 the end of Lipalu Street to access the property that 6 would control access so that only those who are truly 7 practitioners could gain access to the property. 8 COMMISSIONER CHANG: Thank you. 9 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Okay. Redirect? 10 MR. TABATA: Thank you. 11 REDIRECT EXAMINATION 12 BY MR. TABATA: 13 Scott, in the EIS, most of the 14 alternatives, was there a no-action alternative? 15 Yes, there was. Α 16 And this no-action alternative, does this 17 alternative concern a situation where there is no 18 request for district boundary amendment? 19 That is the no-action alternative, yes. 20 So the no-action alternative, Hawaiian 21 Memorial Park would simply continue to exist with its 22 existing 80 acres? 23 Yes, correct. Α 24 And in your EIS on Page 2-52 says: Q 25 No-action alternative was eliminated from

- 1 consideration because it will not meet the needs,
  2 objectives of the project; is that correct?
  - A That is correct.

Q Thank you. No further questions.

CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: I believe, based on the questioning from our Commissioners, we wanted to bring up a couple of your additional experts, starting with Ms. Kealoha Sproat.

MR. MATSUBARA: Mr. Chairman, we will call Trisha Kealani Watson, principal involved in preparing the Archaeological Inventory Survey to answer some of the questions raised by Commissioner Chang.

A brief background relating to Trisha
Watson might be appropriate in regard to
qualifications and background. Could you briefly
summarize?

CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Do you swear or affirm that the testimony you're about to give is the truth?

THE WITNESS: Yes. I'm loud. I'll try not to be obnoxiously loud, just loud.

## TRISHA WATSON

Was called as a witness by and on behalf of the

Petitioner, was sworn to tell the truth, was examined

and testified as follows:

## DIRECT EXAMINATION

## BY MR. MATSUBARA:

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Q There was a question raised by Commissioner Chang relating to the trenching strategy that was utilized for the AIS.

Could you elaborate on that and whether or not SHPD was involved and how was it coordinated?

A Thank you.

So we were first hired on to actually complete a supplemental AIS. Upon us getting hired to do the work, we consulted very early with SHPD, State Historic Preservation Division, specifically the Archaeological Branch Chief Dr. Susan Lebo.

In discussion with Dr. Lebo, she helped us to determine an appropriate methodology to ensure that we were sufficiently covering and surveying the area. Because this area had been previously studied in a 2009 Archaeological Inventory Study that had been previously completed and accepted by the State Historic Preservation Division, it was determined that the best methodology for this additional action would be a pedestrian survey of the entire site.

Our team conducted that pedestrian survey, 100 percent pedestrian survey of the Petition Area,

during which we found a number of newly identified 1 historic sites. So they were already historic sites, 3 they were simply newly identified.

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With each discovery we consulted with Dr. Lebo. Only one of the sites were determined to have a potential to have additional findings.

At that point we were directed by the State Historic Preservation Division to complete an excavation to potentially find additional data about the site, specifically, to identify whether it was a traditional site or historic site.

The difference between traditional sites are precontact, whereas historic sites are post-contact but at least 50 years old.

The first excavation was completed, and it was inconclusive, at which point we again consulted with Dr. Lebo, which included a field visit from Dr. Lebo to the site, with an additional staff archaeologist from SHPD, at which time she asked for an additional excavation to see if we could identify additional data, which we did so.

And lab testing and the results of that excavation helped us to determine that it was a historic site and not a traditional site.

> COMMISSIONER CHANG: Thank you for the

1 explanation.

So I am looking at some of the figures in the EIS report. So help me to understand, there was 100 percent pedestrian survey?

THE WITNESS: Correct.

COMMISSIONER CHANG: Within the area that is being proposed for the cemetery, 23 acres. How many trench excavations were done in the 2009 AIS, and how many were done in the most recent supplemental or the new AIS?

THE WITNESS: In the first 2009 study conducted by Cultural Surveys Hawaii, there were three excavation sites within the area that is proposed for the cemetery expansion.

directed by SHPD to conduct two excavation studies. It was found that because there were very limited findings in the 2009 subsurface work, that it was very unlikely that any additional excavation of that area would yield similar results. It is the practice of SHPD to only conduct testing that is approved, so we only conducted the testing that we were directed to. And again, where we were asked to conduct additional testing, whether pedestrian or subsurface we did so as instructed.

COMMISSIONER CHANG: Did you feel that a total of four trenches were appropriate given the historic nature of what has been found in the cultural preserve, I guess I just -- I'm a little curious on the conclusion that it's unlikely that there will be more historic properties that will be discovered in the additional 23 acres.

So out of the 23 acres, four excavation test trenches were prepared; is that correct?

THE WITNESS: Actually five, three from the 2009 study, two in the most recent study.

The AIS, the original 2009 AIS was completed and accepted. So it was a complete AIS.

The second one we conducted, while we did find an additional, I believe off top of my head, 14 sites that were newly identified, they were of such low integrity, it is why we think that there would not be additional findings on the subsurface testing.

I should also mention that this is not the end of the archaeological work that will take place. So upon acceptance of the AIS, we will complete, and already have a draft of a preservation plan, which includes the new site, so I feel it appropriate to mention that where we did identify, I believe it's Honua No. 14, the site where we did additional

excavation, we actually redrafted the cultural boundary to include that site. So we feel like we have, when appropriate, taken appropriate action in this draft to ensure that all historic sites of significance and integrity are preserved.

After the preservation plan, on the Conservation Easement side, there will be a management plan that also helps to manage the historic and cultural properties in the area.

On the SHPD side, there will be a data recovery plan first completed and sent to SHPD for approval, after which point there will be data recovery.

From there will be an archaeological monitoring plan, which needs to again be approved by SHPD. And then the results of the archaeological monitoring.

any burials that may be discovered under those,
whether it's data recovery or archaeological
monitoring, would be considered inadvertent
discovery. It would not be considered previously
identified; is that correct?

THE WITNESS: Correct.

COMMISSIONER CHANG: In your expert

opinion, did you believe that the three previous test trenches and two additional ones were adequate for the 23 acres, given the fact that all these new additional sites are discovered, and that you have a very rich cultural preserve, probably one of the largest heiaus on the Windward side?

THE WITNESS: If the question is if I believe it was sufficient, yes, because we have had now at least eight different archaeologists do a full pedestrian survey over the area, not including those experts on the State Historic Preservation Division. And there is consensus amongst the various experts and field technicians that there are not additional sites that are to be identified or sites of significance.

We really did comb the area very, very carefully, and again, where we identified a potential site of significance, there was extensive additional testing conducted that led to the result that it was a historic, not traditional site.

COMMISSIONER CHANG: Would you agree that many times where we find habitation sites, it is a potential indicator of subsurface burials, so the fact that you may not find any surface, you do a pedestrian survey, isn't necessarily conclusive that

there aren't any subsurface burials?

THE WITNESS: I concur. But it is why we are having the additional data recovery and archaeological monitoring during the entire course of the project.

COMMISSIONER CHANG: You would agree one of the major concerns of the Native Hawaiian community, at least some members of the Native Hawaiian community, that by shifting it to an archaeological monitoring program, where they become inadvertent versus previously identified, that for some members of the community that has been -- that has been determined to not be -- how would you say -- that there would have been a desire to have a greater archaeological inventory survey to try to identify some of those sites so that they would be determined to be previously identified?

THE WITNESS: I agree that that is often
the case, but I think in this case where we have a
cultural advisory group consisting of kumu hula and
area practitioners, the relationship that's been
developed between the landowner and the cultural
practitioner from the community help to assure that
in the event of an inadvertent discovery, there would
be sufficient input from the area practitioners.

And to answer, I think, your earlier

question as to what is inconsistent with the current

boundary amendment and why we need to move to urban,

it was in close consultation with the area

practitioners, who in 2015 amended the -- fact sheet

to allow for clean burials, burials where -- Hawaiian

burials where the flesh was stripped off the iwi, and

the iwi would be buried.

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practitioners to allow for that cultural practice in the area. We have been in discussion with State
Historic Preservation Division about it. We are working with various humu hula and lehua hula to help develop, again, the preservation plan and management plan to allow for this traditional practice to occur.

So we are quite comfortable with where we are regarding consultation with the area practitioners.

COMMISSIONER CHANG: Is it the opinion -have you discussed with OCCL that that practice is
inconsistent with conservation boundary, or that it
would require this boundary amendment, or is that a
permitted use within the Conservation District?

THE WITNESS: It is currently not a permitted use, because it would be considered

1 | cemetery use, despite it being a cultural practice.

And I have discussed it at length with Sam

Lemmo, the administrator of the Office of

Conservation and Coastal Land, and it was determined that the most appropriate course of action would be to seek the boundary amendment to place the

Conservation Easement over it with a covenant that only allows for this traditional practice to take place and no other development.

COMMISSIONER CHANG: So does -- is that the only proposed activity that would be inconsistent with the Conservation District, that is the basis for requesting this be -- the boundary amendment include this cultural preserve, is that the only activity?

THE WITNESS: Yes, only activity.

COMMISSIONER CHANG: If there was a restriction on the cultural preserve, that that would be the only activity, there would be no objection?

THE WITNESS: There would be no objection.

I will add, and I believe this is already permitted within the existing conser -- HRS 183, but there has been a request to have improved access for kupuna.

The land is quite instable and steep in places, so there is discussion about providing

appropriate trails which we do believe is increasing cultural access to various sites, but that is also an activity that would take place, but I believe that's already permissible under HRS 183.

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about the cultural preserve may be stewarded by the Koolaupoko Hawaiian Civic Club. Is that your understanding, because I know under the -- did you also do the Cultural Impact Assessment?

THE WITNESS: Yes, I did.

COMMISSIONER CHANG: Was that the understanding with Ko'olaupoko, that they would be the stewards of this preserve?

THE WITNESS: Yes. There is a letter of intent already signed between the landowner and the Ko'olaupoko Hawaiian Civic Club. We felt this most appropriate, because they had been the previous caretakers of both the heiau and surrounding area.

As I mentioned, we have created a cultural advisory group that includes members of the civic club and area practitioners, so we feel like we are adequately addressing all of the cultural and traditional access needs.

COMMISSIONER CHANG: I would like to recognize that. I thought the Cultural Impact

- Assessment, you provided a lot of really good information in there. Very well done.
- 3 THE WITNESS: Thank you. I really 4 appreciate that.

that to the developer.

COMMISSIONER CHANG: There was, out of the
170 pages, the mitigation came down to two pages.

And we cannot, under Ka Pa'akai, we cannot delegate

Are there specific recommendations that have come out of the consultation with respect to the actual use of the cultural preserve and how that will be managed, in particular like the laua'e, the cultural gatherers?

CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: If I may,

Commissioner. Can you ask the question related to
the adequacy of the FEIS?

COMMISSIONER CHANG: The Cultural Impact
Assessment is part of the EIS, so I want to make sure
there is sufficient information in there for the LUC
to make a determination.

So I'm just looking at issues related to the -- that have been raised about the gatherers of the laua'e.

THE WITNESS: Thank you for the question.

I do feel it's an incredibly important one.

As you heard in public testimony, there was concern by the area residents about parking on Lipalu Street and trespassers and people accessing and disrupting the adjacent neighborhood.

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What we provided in the EIA was recognition that there were numerous cultural practitioners that utilize that access directly through Lipalu Street to access the laua'e. So that is the primary route that practitioners take, parking on Lipalu and walking up.

What we feel is outside of any decision-making, like you said, you can't delegate that authority, but what the LUC will need to resolve is there has been an offer from the landowner to close off that Lipalu Street permanently.

Alternatively there would be access provided through the cemetery land to the laua'e, but that would be potentially an impact if we are in fact adversely impacting the access they have.

So we simply provided the information that via the oral history we took, this is something that the practitioners have identified as an important access route to the resource.

I think we will be comfortable with whatever decision the LUC makes as to how that traditional and customary access is protected, but

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     that there are, either through the cemetery, or
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     maintaining some sort of access on Lipalu Street, but
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     we would like to at least figure out how to
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     adequately address the adjacent neighbor's concerns
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     about people walking through that area.
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                COMMISSIONER CHANG:
                                     Thank you very much.
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                CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Are there questions
      for this witness from the county?
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               MR. TAKAHASHI: No questions.
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               CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Office of Planning?
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               MS. APUNA: No questions.
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                CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Any further questions
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      from the Commissioners?
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                MR. MATSUBARA: Chairman, housekeeping. I
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     neglected to qualify the witness as an expert based
      on her curriculum vitae, her experience and her very
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      informative testimony.
                We would like the Commission to consider
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     her an expert in the preparation of archaeological
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      inventory surveys and cultural impact analysis.
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                CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Are there any
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     objections from the county?
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                MR. TAKAHASHI: No objections.
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                MS. APUNA: No objections.
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                CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Commissioners?
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1 is qualified. 2 MR. MATSUBARA: Thank you. 3 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Is there any 4 redirect? 5 MR. MATSUBARA: No redirect. 6 MR. TABATA: We have Tom Holliday present 7 to discuss market and economic impacts. CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Aloha, Mr. Holliday. 8 9 THE WITNESS: Good afternoon, 10 Commissioners. 11 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Do you swear or 12 affirm that the testimony you're about to give is the 13 truth? 14 THE WITNESS: I do. 15 TOM HOLLIDAY 16 Was called as a witness by and on behalf of the 17 Petitioner, was sworn to tell the truth, was examined and testified as follows: 18 19 DIRECT EXAMINATION 20 THE WITNESS: My name is Tom Holliday, 21 I'm a director with the Hallstrom Team at CBRE. I'm 22 a real estate economist and appraiser, 1003 Bishop 23 Street, Suite 1800 in Honolulu. 24 I always talk too fast, kick me if I talk 25 too fast.

During the course of the discussion this morning, it became apparent there were a couple issues that I might comment on for the Commission's benefit.

First was a discussion of alternative burial types. And, yes, it is true that Nuuanu Cemetery on Oahu are trying desperately to stay in business. So they are building these column burials as an attempt to have product to sell, because they basically do not. There is no evidence strong market demands for them as yet, but they are trying to do those things.

But I think one thing that has kind of moved across the floor today is the concept that somehow all burials should be pushed into one thing, cremation. And there's 25 to 30 percent of the populace that will not accept cremation for religious or other reasons. So you will always have full in-ground burials.

And I think there's been a misconception about Japanese burials and Asian burials. I used to play tennis at Craigside Condominium, right at the base of the Nuuanu Cemetery. Amazing to be out there on weekends. You could smell the incense of families visiting their family plots, of having picnics, and

enjoying the prospects of family and ohana and dealing with them that you can't get from a column burial.

You want a place you can sit. And I don't claim to be an expert at all in Japan burial practices, but I've been to Japan many times. My life partner is going back to her small town village of Ofanato, which was totally destroyed by the 2011 tsunami.

So burial practices, I see how they have been practiced in Japan after this great tragedy.

And it's very common, most common for them to have burial plots. As a matter of fact, she is going over next month to see her mom's new burial plot, and the headstone in which her urn is going to be placed.

They're not forcing them into sides of walls. People want to have a place where family can come and have fraternity with their long forebearers.

So I think it is necessary that you allow for broad alternatives, just like you can't force everybody to drive a Prius, you can't force everybody --

CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: I drive a Prius.

THE WITNESS: That's okay. But some people need to drive trucks. I'm not saying it's bad.

1 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Disclosure.

THE WITNESS: You have to allow for diversity, and you have to allow for the fact that people want to be able to meet together around their past dead.

So it's not that burial-type alternatives to in-ground interment don't exist, but the market hasn't demonstrated a huge demand for them as yet.

They're still just a small portion, and I think it is wrong to assume that we can somehow force everybody into a small niche somewhere.

Secondly, in talking about the dollars that flow from the project and how they will be. We did not do an appraisal, although by trade I'm an appraiser, I appraise hotels.

But in our report we looked at the economic activity that was associated with the operation of Hawaiian Memorial Park. And so the numbers that were pointed to as being over the course of the projection period of 115 million, that was not the sales, if you will, of the plots, but that was the ongoing economic activity of providing services, memorial use of the -- memorial spaces and other things at the park.

And we didn't do an appraisal, but we can kind of do the math real quick. If there is 30,000

new plots created, and they sell for an average of \$8000 a piece, that would be \$240 million in gross sales.

From that gross sales, you have to take out the \$30 million it costs to create the infrastructure. You have to take out the sales commissions you pay to those who sell the plots. You have to take out money to set aside into the trust fund to take care of that section of the cemetery.

So by the time you get done paying for all these things, the net sells proceeds would probably be \$150 million or so a year, maybe a little higher.

If you discount that because that's going to be gotten over 17 years to the present value of what happens on that conservation land would probably only be 75 or \$80 million. But the gross sales would be 240, the company would net maybe half or so of that.

Those are the two issues that I heard that I could help address. I'm open to any questions.

MR. TABATA: No further questions.

CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Questions from the

city?

MR. TAKAHASHI: No questions.

MS. APUNA: No questions.

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CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Commissioners? 2 Commissioner Okuda.

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COMMISSIONER OKUDA: Thank you for your testimony clarifying this.

Did your study take into account what could be the potential economic benefit to Hawaiian Memorial Park if it allowed additional urns or caskets to be buried in the same family plot?

THE WITNESS: No. We did not do any type of appraisal or analysis profitability, we only looked at economic impact resulting from the development of the product.

COMMISSIONER OKUDA: Again, this is not to prejudge the ultimate decision here, but just to look and see if the EIS has adequately laid out alternatives for the decisionmaker to make the ultimate decision, but that could be an alternative which would still fulfill one of the positive advantages as you described it of in-ground burials, that if, for example, additional caskets which might require additional vaults to be built that would be a cost of additional caskets could be put into the ground in excess of what Hawaiian Memorial Park now allows or additional urns, you could have additional burials in the same plot and still enjoy the

1 camaraderie of families burning incense and things 2 like that; correct? 3 THE WITNESS: Sure. 4 COMMISSIONER OKUDA: That wasn't addressed 5 in your market analysis. 6 THE WITNESS: That really does not impact 7 the economic output of the project. It still would 8 require so much in memorial services, and other things, so we did not look at returns to the 9 10 developer as part of our assignment. COMMISSIONER OKUDA: I'm not trying to 11 12 argue that you should have, and that somehow makes 13 your analysis defective, just trying to see whether or not that which seems to be a reasonable 14 15 alternative was discussed anywhere --THE WITNESS: As far as how it affects 16 17 demand, we did consider it, demand versus supply. But as far as how it affects the profitability of the 18 19 venture, that's really not our kuleana. 20 COMMISSIONER OKUDA: Thank you very much. 21 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Anything else, 22 Commissioners, for this witness? 23 Any redirect? 24 MR. TABATA: No redirect. 25 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Do you have anything

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further on your presentation by the Petitioner?
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                MR. MATSUBARA: Our presentation has
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      concluded in terms of the witnesses we have. Just
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     our request in regard to the purpose of today's
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     hearing.
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                CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Do you want to do
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     that or reserve some kind of time at the end?
                MR. MATSUBARA: What's contemplated to be
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     done right now?
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                CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Next would be any
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     presentation by the county, any presentation by the
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     Office of Planning.
                MR. MATSUBARA: I'll do it after.
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                MR. TAKAHASHI: We have no presentation to
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     offer.
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                CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Nothing beyond Ms.
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      Sokugawa's testimony.
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                Office of Planning.
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                MS. APUNA: Short statement.
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                OP reviewed the EIS Preparation Notice and
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      Draft EIS for District Boundary Amendment Petition
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      and provided comments that were sufficiently
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      addressed by the Petitioner.
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                OP commented that certain studies such as
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cemetery capacity, traffic impact and impacts to

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surface and groundwater should be included among others.

OP also commented that SHPD's comments should be included. The FEIS indicates that SHPD completed their review and a comment letter and response included in Appendix A-4.

OP recommends that this Commission accept the EIS for the Petition.

CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Commissioners, are there any questions for Office of Planning?

Commissioner Okuda.

COMMISSIONER OKUDA: Thank you, Mr. Chair.

If I can ask the Office of Planning, do you think, or does the Office of Planning believe there was an adequate discussion of alternatives such as increasing the number of caskets or urns that could be buried in an existing plot on the existing Memorial Park Cemetery without going into the Conservation Zone?

Do you believe the EIS had sufficient discussion regarding that to allow the Commission later on to use the EIS as a tool in making its ultimate decision if it came to that?

MS. APUNA: I believe that Petitioner did review a reasonable alternative. There's probably an

endless amount of alternatives that could be looked at, but I think that they considered the reasonable ones in their assessment, the FEIS.

COMMISSIONER OKUDA: What does the Office of Planning see in the record that indicates increasing the capacity of existing plots for burials would not be a reasonable alternative?

MS. APUNA: Can you please restate the question?

COMMISSIONER OKUDA: Do you see, or can you point to anything in the record including the EIS which would indicate that increasing the capacity of number of caskets or urns that could be placed in an existing plot would be an unreasonable alternative?

For example, there was testimony that

Hawaiian Memorial Park has certain limits on number

of urns that can be placed in a plot. I'm just

trying to find out what in the EIS did the Office of

Planning see that indicated that increasing the

capacity or allowed number of urns in a plot to be

unreasonable?

MS. APUNA: I think there was testimony that said that to do that, to increase the number of -- to add to the plots, that would interfere with some perhaps contractual obligations that would be

difficult. I would consider that unreasonable.

COMMISSIONER OKUDA: I might have missed this in the EIS and its attached studies, but having grown up on the Windward side, I think we can remember the time when Kaneohe Bay was pristine and glass bottom boats were taking people and tourists and residents to look at the reef structure.

Then came surface runoff from construction, and now we have the bay as it is.

What in the EIS clearly indicated quantitatively what the expected surface runoff would be during construction? I don't mean to turn this into a test.

My broader question is does the Office of Planning believe that the EIS adequately addresses the issue of runoff, you know -- and I'm not saying it's bad or good or whatever -- is there sufficient information in there for the Land Use Commission to make an informed decision later on on the boundary amendment if it gets to that point?

MS. APUNA: I'm told that under the best management practices that were reviewed in the FEIS that there is discussion about runoff and those sorts of things that were adequate for OP to review.

COMMISSIONER OKUDA: Thank you very much.

- 1 I have no further questions.
- 2 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Thank you. Other
- 3 | further questions for Office of Planning?
- 4 Let me briefly ask: Is our court reporter
- 5 | good to power through?
- 6 COURT REPORTER: You bet.
- 7 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Petitioner, would you
- 8 like to offer concluding remarks?
- 9 MR. MATSUBARA: Yes, Mr. Chair, thank you.
- I would like to ask the Commissioners to
- 11 | act favorably to our request to accept the Final EIS
- 12 | submitted to you for this particular project based on
- 13 the fact that it has satisfied the statutory
- 14 requirements of 343 and Administrative Rules under
- 15 | 11-200.
- In the case that Commissioner Okuda cited
- 17 Price versus Obayashi, clearly reflected that the
- 18 rule of reason governs in this particular
- 19 determination you make.
- 20 And what facts -- what the rule of reason
- 21 | is applied, is the FEIS that we submitted. Now, we
- 22 propose a project in the Petition we filed with you.
- 23 It was our obligation to tell you what the impacts,
- 24 environmental impacts would be of that particular
- 25 project. And all that information had to be gathered

in good faith and presented for purposes of full discussion.

It was distributed to agencies and distributed to public. Comments were welcome and we were required to respond to those comments.

And those were addressed to a particular project, which is the cemetery, where we indicated that there would be burials primarily, and that is what we were proposing to do.

Then we discussed what impacts would be from that proposed action.

Now, I think, I believe from the comments we have been getting pro or against, is that I believe all the relevant environmental factors that needed to be considered for this project have been raised, discussed and thoroughly vetted.

Now, I agree not everybody agrees with the position taken by others. But it's there on the table. It's all out there. And I think there is no question that there was no bad faith, only good faith in terms of putting it together and presenting it to you. So I think we've satisfied the requirements of Price versus Obayashi in that regard in terms of providing you all the relevant information that's applicable to this particular project, and done in

good faith.

So under the circumstances, we ask that you favorably consider acceptance of this FEIS because then we can move on to the next stage where you balance what came up today, and what is in the FEIS as indicated in Price versus Obayashi.

You measure that against the benefits to be provided by this project, and that comes up when we go to the district boundary procedure, where we can get into the other areas besides the environment, relating to what, we hope, what we intend to do with this project.

And so I believe we satisfied the requirements in terms of bringing to your attention the EIS that occurs, so you have enough to measure against the Petition itself. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Thank you.

Commissioners, any final questions for any of the parties? Seeing none.

Commissioners, as you well know, our issue today is acceptance for or nonacceptance of the EIS.

I'll entertain the motion that LUC either accepts or does not, and further authorize LUC executive officer to notify the Office of Environmental Quality Control and the parties that

1 LUC has accepted or not accepted the EIS.

The motion should state the reasons for acceptance or nonacceptance of the EIS.

Commissioner Cabral.

VICE CHAIR CABRAL: As the only person not connected to the project in any way, I will take it for the team here.

I would like to go ahead and move to find that the Petitioner's Final EIS complies with the content requirements for the FEIS and its acceptance pursuant to Hawai'i Revised Chapter, Chapter 343 and HAR Chapter 11-200.

That would be my main motion. And that I would also like to make sure that we authorize our executive officer to notify and submit a record of this acceptance to the Applicant and the Office of Environmental Quality Control no later than May 1st, 2019, which is our deadline to act.

CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Motion made by Commissioner Cabral. Is there a second?

Commissioner Aczon.

 $\label{eq:commissioner} \mbox{COMMISSIONER ACZON:} \quad \mbox{I would like to second}$  the motion.

CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: A motion has been made by Commissioner Cabral and seconded by

1 | Commissioner Aczon to accept the Final EIS.

Would the movant or second like to speak to the reasons why you made the motion?

VICE CHAIR CABRAL: I will.

I think that having read quite a bit of information and did, somewhat buried in the EIS -- thank you for allowing me lots to read this past weekend.

That, and I think in the perimeters that we are given within the law that we are, again, this is not us accepting the project, per se, but that we are very bound by a number of laws and regulations and court orders, so at this point we have, based on all of the given information, we have no alternative but to accept the Final EIS.

CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Commissioner Aczon.

COMMISSIONER ACZON: Mr. Chair, after all this reading and testimonies, I'm very satisfied that FEIS is vetted, and that some related to Petitioner responded to comments by the community, and I really commend them for voluntarily making changes to their plans based on communities' comments.

CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Commissioners, we're in deliberations. Commissioner Chang.

COMMISSIONER CHANG: Thank you for the

motion.

I greatly appreciated just the community coming out, and I know the issue is the adequacy of the FEIS.

I think Commissioner Cabral -- this is a very thick document. There was a lot of information provided, and some very good reports prepared. While I may have disagreed with whether the EIA was adequate or not, the state agency that governs that was SHPD said it was and they accepted.

More importantly, I think that there has been modifications to this plan in relationship to what they heard previously, and I think Mr. Matsubara is right, is that what we're evaluating is the plan submitted to us today, which is a cultural preserve of 12 acres. It is also a cemetery expansion of about 24 acres. And then a substantial portion of that land put into conservation.

Sitting at the LUC, not everybody is going to be very happy, so I think we try to do the best that we can looking at the information that's presented to us, and trying to evaluate at this point in time.

Again, it is only the FEIS, not the entire project, but I think there's been a good faith

attempt. There has been a lot of information provided in the FEIS, and in my view, I'm inclined to vote in favor of the motion.

CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Commissioner Okuda.

COMMISSIONER OKUDA: Mr. Chair, as part of deliberations here, I would like to state the reasons why at this point in time I would be inclined not to accept the EIS.

Now, I recognize what the Hawai'i Supreme

Court has said in Price versus Obayashi, and it

specifically said at 81 Hawaii Reports at 171 at page

182, the Pacific section d citation is 914 Pacific 2d

at 1375, where the Supreme Court said that it's

guided, as Mr. Matsubara said, by the rule of reason.

And I quote under which an EIS need not be exhausted to the point of discussing all possible details bearing on the proposed action.

So it's true that I do recognize that in evaluating an EIS, frankly this is not the place to nitpick things which might ultimately be decided at the ultimate decision-making place, which in this case would be the Petition for the Boundary

Amendment, but there's two items which I find or would find are not clearly and sufficiently discussed in the EIS which has a bearing on the ultimate

decision.

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The first part is going to the basic justification for the cemetery expansion, which is the need to deal with burials or upcoming burial demand, projected burial demand.

There is not sufficient discussion in the EIS about alternatives that could be done or taken place on the existing cemetery property.

Now, perhaps it's not economically feasible, perhaps in the end there wouldn't be demand, perhaps cultural, religious or other objections to those types of alternatives, but the EIS should have had that type of alternative discussed in it.

The second item which is of concern is the fact that I do not believe that there's sufficient discussion in the EIS to allow the decisionmaker here to make a decision and rational choices about the impact of potential surface runoff.

The EIS discloses the fact that there's going to be significant grading of Oneawa Hills, and grading is required basically so that people visiting in-ground burial sites will be able to get to those sites because it would be difficult if the hills were too steep.

There's not sufficient discussion in my
mind as far as what the impacts are. There is a
discussion about use of best practices as far as
mitigation of runoff, but there isn't much detail
after that. That, in my view, is significant,
because that goes to what considerations the
Commission would have to take later on in discussing
or making the decision regarding whether to approve
or deny the boundary amendment.

I do recognize the fact that a lot of thought was put into this Environmental Impact
Statement. I think it reflects the reputation of counsel, that they always do a really good job in presenting complete and accurate pleadings no matter what tribunal they're in front of, but for those reasons I respectfully am inclined at this point in time to vote against this EIS.

CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Vice Chair Mahi, do you have anything to state for deliberations?

VICE CHAIR MAHI: Thank you, Chair.

I'm the kind of person that doesn't say much during the course of events, but at the end after hearing all the testimony and all the different concerns and views that have been expressed, and notwithstanding my comrade here who has stated so

firmly, and by who I deeply respect his deliberation and his reasoning, my comrade, Mr. Okuda, my feeling is in the overall picture of looking at what has happened historically in the area, Mahinui, that's my name. Mahinui is the area of real estate that was

Olomana was a large fierce warrior of which a kapahua had to deal with.

cut off from Olomana, for those that know the story.

And as we were discussing this, that whole battle going through my mind, and I'm only going to say it now, but it is my feeling not only as a commissioner, but as a resident, I'm kamaaina to this side of the island, but not kupa'aina and there is a large difference.

Kupa means you were born here. Kama means you came from somewhere else. And I'm from Kona area which is kalihi.

I see historically what's happening here is that the best way to preserve this tradition of Mahinui, and onto the other portion of Koolaupoko, and that's why I stand in support the findings of the EIS.

CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: I have not spoken yet on this matter.

I'll start by noting that I find the law

and rules that describe what constitutes a satisfactory set of alternatives very dissatisfying to me personally. I think it is very possible to write an EIS that is legally adequate that doesn't look at alternatives that are truly meaningful in a sense of like overall community desires might be for a particular parcel of land. It's driven by the proposer of a project, driven by economic and other goals.

I think it's -- we lack, as a Commission and other bodies of the State of Hawai'i, who make decisions on adequacy of EIS's, we lack a good set of guidance in terms of getting to alternatives that really would get to like we want to look at what ways we can use land more efficiently.

But as much as I would like that standard, that standard is not fair. We are bound with the standards of law and in the rules guided by the force that we have.

So I believe that given the objectives that the Petitioner has stated are their objectives for this project, the alternatives presented to us are reasonable. I recognize very clearly that people who have spoken against the project have significant concerns about the potential impacts from the

project.

My support of the motion is not because I believe that they're wrong that there might not be any potential impacts of the project, I actually believe there are potential impacts from the project, my duty is not to speak for or against the project, but did the EIS give us an adequate basis for moving forward to the next stage of decision-making, where we can decide, based on those impacts, can they be mitigated, can they not be mitigated? If they cannot, do we choose to deny the request or accept the request for district boundary amendment.

I believe that we have a sufficient basis in this document to make that decision. And I'll note that this Commission, and really this set of members of this Commission, we are a bit unusual. We have rejected two EIS's in the last couple of years, both on Maui, very large proposed project at Olowalu on Maui; a proposed project in Kihei, and both of those cases one thing that occurred was we had noted cultural practitioners come forward whose opinions had been ignored, never been consulted with, very sound basis for determining that we did not have sufficient information in front of us.

And I didn't see those particular basis in

1 front us right now. 2 To be very clear, I have not taken a 3 position on the overall project. The decision in 4 front of us today is the adequacy of the EIS, and I 5 believe the FEIS does meet the legal requirements. 6 Any further deliberation to be had among 7 If not, Mr. Orodenker, please poll the us? 8 Commission. 9 EXECUTIVE OFFICER: Thank you, Mr. Chair. 10 The motion is to find the Petitioner's Final EIS is 11 complete and complies with the requirements of 12 Chapter 343 and authorizes the executive officer to 13 notify OEQC as to same. 14 Commissioner Cabral? 15 VICE CHAIR CABRAL: Yes. 16 EXECUTIVE OFFICER: Commissioner Aczon? 17 COMMISSIONER ACZON: Yes. 18 EXECUTIVE OFFICER: Commissioner Ohigashi 19 is not present. 20 Commissioner Mahi? 21 VICE CHAIR MAHI: Aye. 22 EXECUTIVE OFFICER: Commissioner Chang?

COMMISSIONER CHANG: Yes.

No.

Commissioner Okuda?

COMMISSIONER OKUDA:

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1	EXECUTIVE OFFICER: Chair Scheuer?
2	CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Aye.
3	EXECUTIVE OFFICER: Thank you, Mr. Chair.
4	The motion passes with five votes and one deny.
5	CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: The motion has passed
6	with the minimum number as possible. With the
7	conclusion of this agenda matter, I don't believe
8	that there's any other business in front of the
9	Commission, and that I adjourn this hearing.
10	(The proceedings adjourned at 3:10 p.m.)
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1	CERTIFICATE
2	STATE OF HAWAII ) ) SS.
3	COUNTY OF HONOLULU )
4	I, JEAN MARIE McMANUS, do hereby certify:
5	That on April 23, 2019 at 9:30 a.m., the
6	proceedings contained herein was taken down by me in
7	machine shorthand and was thereafter reduced to
8	typewriting under my supervision; that the foregoing
9	represents, to the best of my ability, a true and
10	correct copy of the proceedings had in the foregoing
11	matter.
12	I further certify that I am not of counsel for
13	any of the parties hereto, nor in any way interested
14	in the outcome of the cause named in this caption.
15	Dated this 23rd day of April, 2019, in
16	Honolulu, Hawaii.
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18	
19	/s/ Jean Marie McManus
20	JEAN MARIE McMANUS, CSR #156
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